FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
AVIATION AND SPACEPORT OFFICE

PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT (LNA)

DISTRICT 4

REGIONAL RELIEVER AIRPORT

JUNE 2015

STATEWIDE Airfield Pavement Management PROGRAM

FDOT

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
FLP
Office of Freight, Logistics and Passenger Operations

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST OF TABLES

LIST OF FIGURES

APPENDICES

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In 2012, the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Central Aviation Office selected a team lead by Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. and including their subconsultants Penuel Consulting and LLC, Roy D. McQueen & Associates, LTD, to provide services in support of FDOT in the continued efforts of updating the existing Statewide Airfield Pavement Management Program (SAPMP). This work is to be completed over the fiscal years of 2013 through 2015.

The tasks required to achieve this objective at each participating airport specifically included the following:

- Obtain recent construction history from the airport to update the Pavement Network Definition Exhibits using CADD from the previous SAPMP update.
- Update the airport pavement inventory data (construction history, geometry, identification, and classification) based on airport provided information.
- Update the FDOT SAPMP MicroPAVER database files and system tables for the purpose of analyzing field data for Pavement Condition Index (PCI) calculation of current pavement condition
- Development of pavement performance models for the approximation of future pavement performance.
- Development of a maintenance and repair plan, and a 10-year major rehabilitation program to address the pavement needs based on condition.
- Development of planning level opinions of probable costs for pavement preservation and rehabilitation.

In September 2014, a PCI survey inspection was performed at Palm Beach County Park Airport. The results of the inspection indicate that, based on ASTM D 5340-12, the airport's airfield pavement facilities had an overall area-weighted average PCI of 82, representing a Satisfactory overall network condition. Table I summarizes the overall condition summary by network level branch in comparison to the FDOT recommended minimum service level and action recommendations for either major rehabilitation or maintenance level activities.

Table I: Condition Summary by Branch

Branch Name	Area Weighted PCI	PCI Range	Average Condition Rating	FDOT Minimum Service Level	MicroPAVER Minimum PCI	Action Required
GA APRON	72	63 - 100	SATISFACTORY	65	65	X
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 9	100	100	GOOD	65	65	
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15	65	65	FAIR	65	65	
RUNWAY 15-33	100	100	GOOD	75	65	
RUNWAY 3-21	75	37 - 77	SATISFACTORY	75	65	X
RUNWAY 9-27	85	85	SATISFACTORY	75	65	
TAXIWAY ALPHA	83	83	SATISFACTORY	65	65	
TAXIWAY BRAVO	82	78 - 100	SATISFACTORY	65	65	
TAXIWAY B1	97	93 - 100	GOOD	65	65	
TAXIWAY CHARLIE	97	81 - 100	GOOD	65	65	
TAXIWAY DELTA	96	87 - 100	GOOD	65	65	

"Action Required" in Table I is triggered when a section within the identified Branch Facility falls below the FDOT Minimum Service Level. Year 1 Major Rehabilitation needs are triggered in Table III when a section in the identified Branch falls below the MicroPAVER Minimum PCI. Major Rehabilitation is also triggered in Table III when the section PCI is above critical and the section exhibits significant structural related distresses.

For project level planning and inspection development; the airfield pavement facilities have been divided at the branch level based on facility use and designation, and at the section level based on pavement construction history, composition (e.g. asphalt versus concrete), aircraft traffic operations, and pavement surface conditions. Table II provides the overall area weighted condition of the pavement based on facility branch use.

Table II: Condition Summary by Pavement Facility Use

Use	Average Area-Weighted PCI	Condition Rating
Runway	88	GOOD
Taxiway	89	GOOD
Apron	73	SATISFACTORY

Based on the inspection performed at the airport for this SAPMP update; the current conditions were determined using the collected PCI distress data. PCI values were computed and used to identify pavement facilities that were below the defined critical PCI as sections that would benefit from immediate major rehabilitation activity. These pavement sections that were determined to be below the critical PCI would most likely benefit from long-term major rehabilitative construction activity rather than localized, short-term maintenance and repairs.

The Year-1 Major Rehabilitation Needs, or projects that are recommended to be completed because the pavement is below the critical PCI, were developed on the assumption that there is an unlimited repair budget. These projects include:

- Runway 3-21 – Section 6310.
  - Reconstruction attributed to load, climate, and age of pavement.
- Run-up Apron RW 15 – Section 4305.
  - Mill and Overlay attributed to climate and age of pavement.
- General Aviation Apron – Section 4115
  - Mill and Overlay attributed to climate and age of pavement.

The section level projects that were identified as Year-1 Major Rehabilitation Needs are in Table III.

Table III: Year-1 Major Rehabilitation Needs for Palm Beach County Park Airport

Branch ID	Section ID	Major Rehabilitation Costs	PCI Before M&R	Rehabilitation Activity	PCI After M&R
RW 3-21	6310	$ 123,000.00	36	Reconstruction	100
AP RU RW15	4305	$ 95,658.00	64	Mill and Overlay	100
AP GA	4115	$ 2,505,151.00	62	Mill and Overlay	100
	Total =	$ 2,723,809.00			

The SAPMP uses historic pavement condition data from the previous inspections to develop pavement performance models. These pavement performance models are used to create PCI prediction curves to estimate future pavement conditions based on the historic trends. The section areas, prediction curves, and current condition data were used to develop a 10-year major rehabilitation program. Major rehabilitation costs for each year of the 10-year program are based on general unit costs for pavement repairs and not detailed cost estimates that are typically prepared for a construction set of bid documents. Additionally, preventative maintenance level repair budgets were estimated for a 10-year duration. Table IV provides an annual summary of the 10-year Preventative Maintenance and Major Rehabilitation planning level cost opinions for the airfield pavement facilities at the airport. Refer to Section 6 of this report for additional information.

Since the previous update performed in 2012, significant updates to the ASTM D 5340 Standard Test Method for Airport Pavement Condition Index Surveys have affected the analysis of the program. These include the separation of Weathering and Raveling into two distinct flexible pavement distresses, and the addition of the Alkali-Silica Reaction distress for rigid pavement distresses. Additionally, the deterioration associated with the rigid pavement distress Scaling/Map Cracking has been modified. The change in distress classification, as described in ASTM D 5340-12, may result in small variances in the PCI values from the previous inspection analysis. The update included changes in distress deduction values that may be less than the previous analysis. Please refer to Section 3 Airfield Pavement Condition Index for additional information.

Additionally, pavement repair and rehabilitation work reported by the airports are entered into the SAPMP which can improve PCI values.

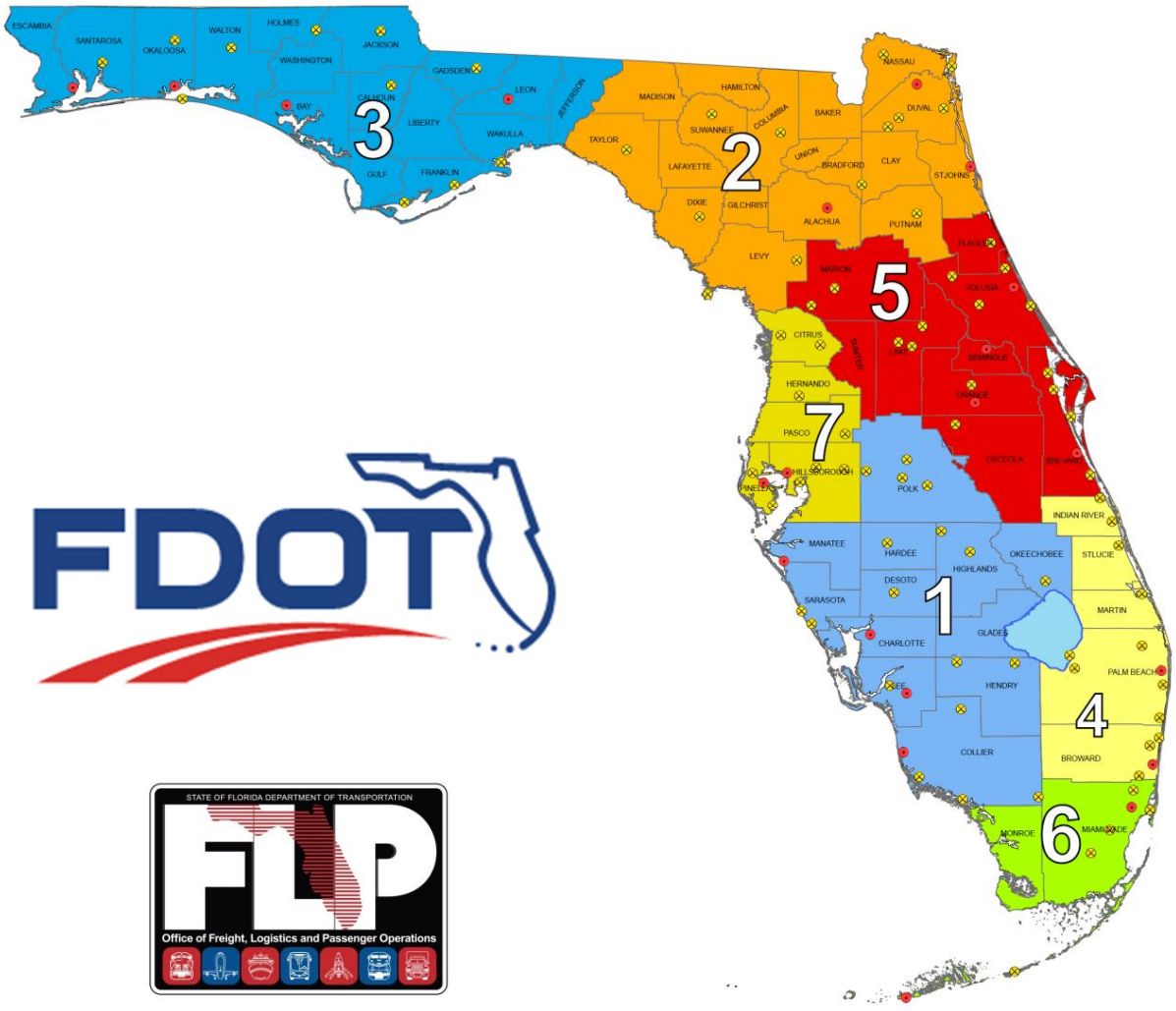
Table IV: 10-Year Preventative Maintenance and Major Rehabilitation

Year	Preventative	Major M&R	Total Year Cost
2015	$ 374,506.00	$ 2,723,809.06	$ 3,098,315.05
2016	$ 411,182.58	$ -	$ 411,182.58
2017	$ 214,184.79	$ 9,191,544.29	$ 9,405,729.08
2018	$ 260,857.91	$ -	$ 260,857.91
2019	$ 309,382.41	$ -	$ 309,382.41
2020	$ 366,347.94	$ -	$ 366,347.94
2021	$ 431,325.95	$ -	$ 431,325.95
2022	$ 497,613.15	$ -	$ 497,613.15
2023	$ 584,689.13	$ -	$ 584,689.13
2024	$ 674,775.19	$ -	$ 674,775.19
Total	$ 4,124,865.05	$ 11,915,353.35	$ 16,040,218.39

The success of the repair program for your airport depends on the timely implementation of preservation, localized maintenance and repairs, and major rehabilitation work activities. If work is completed as scheduled, your airport should experience an improvement to the overall area-weighted average PCI. Though this analysis was performed with the assumption of an "unlimited budget", the purpose has been to identify specific projects over the course of 10-years for each pavement section where the condition is projected to fall below the critical PCI. The costs depicted in this study are intended to aid the airports in planning level budgets. Prior to construction work, it is recommended that the airport perform additional investigation at the design level to better estimate costs associated with the maintenance, repair, and major rehabilitation activity discussed.

1. INTRODUCTION

The State of Florida has more than 100 public airports that are vital to the Florida economy as well as the economy of the United States. The aviation system in Florida allows the State to capitalize on an increasingly global marketplace. Florida's system of commercial service and general aviation airports are important to businesses throughout the entire State. Air travel is essential to tourism, Florida's number one industry.



There are millions of square feet of pavement infrastructure that consists of runways, taxiways, aprons, ramps, and other areas of airports that are vital to the support and safety of aircraft operations. Timely pavement maintenance repair and major rehabilitation of these pavements will support the airport in operating safely, efficiently, economically and without excessive down time.

The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Central Aviation and Spaceport Office implemented the Statewide Airfield Pavement Management Program (SAPMP) in 1992. In 2012, the FDOT Central Aviation and Spaceport Office selected a team led by Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. and including Penuel Consulting, LLC and Roy D. McQueen & Associates, LTD, to provide services in support of the Central Aviation and Spaceport Office Program Manager. The continued evaluation and update of the existing SAPMP is to be completed over fiscal years 2013 through 2015.

This individual airport airfield pavement evaluation report discusses the work performed, a summary of findings, condition analysis results, and recommendations for maintenance repair and major rehabilitation planning associated with the SAPMP update. It also briefly describes the procedures used to ensure that the appropriate engineering and scientific standards of care, quality, budget, schedules, and safety requirements were implemented during the performance of this work.

1.1 Purpose of Pavement Evaluation Report

The purpose of this Airfield Pavement Evaluation Report is to:

- Briefly describe the SAPMP goals, procedures, and responsibilities of the program's participants.
- Provide a technical explanation on pavement management principles, standard practices, objectives, and benefits of implementation.
- Outline procedures used to coordinate, collect, evaluate and report pavement inspection results at this airport.
- Analyze and utilize condition results for the development of maintenance, repair, and major rehabilitation based on pavement performance trends.

1.2 FDOT Statewide Airfield Pavement Management Program

In 1992, the FDOT implemented the SAPMP to improve the knowledge of pavement conditions at public airports in the Florida Airports System, identify maintenance and rehabilitation needs at each airport, automate pavement infrastructure information management, and establish standards to address future needs. The 1992 SAPMP implementation provided the FDOT and the participating airports valuable information for establishing and performing timely and appropriate pavement rehabilitation.

During the 1992-1993 implementation and again during the 1998-1999 updates; the SAPMP performed the development with proprietary software for pavement

management system analysis. This development allowed for the creation of pavement management database file system populated with airport attributes and condition data. The pavement management database was used to establish maintenance, repair, and rehabilitation (M&R) policies, M&R budget costs, and the development of recommendations for performing routine pavement preservation maintenance. This system, known as AIRPAV, was initially developed during the 1992-1993 SAPMP implementation for the analysis of distress data. The AIRPAV system was used again in the 1998-1999 SAPMP update.

In 2004, the SAPMP update included the review of the AIRPAV software compared to other industry available non-proprietary software packages. As a result of this review, MicroPAVER was selected for implementation of the system update. MicroPAVER was developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Construction Engineering Research Laboratory for the purpose of pavement management. Data from the 1998-1999 FDOT SAPMP update, which was built upon the initial 1992-1993 implementation of AIRPAV, was reviewed and converted to be compatible with the MicroPAVER system. This data conversion included all documented pavement facility, classification, type, history, geometry, PCI condition data and pertinent attributes gathered from airport feedback at the time. This information was used to develop the inventory of each participating airport's pavement facilities in a consistent format. This was the development of Airfield Pavement Network Definition Exhibits. These inventory exhibits visually depicted the branch, section, and sample units that were based upon the pavement construction history and composition information provided by each airport.

In 2006-2008, the SAPMP was updated again with continued use of the MicroPAVER system. Based on the distress data collected, a maintenance repair and major rehabilitation planning program was developed for each airport. As part of this SAPMP update, the procedures for the inspection and the collection of the pavement distress data were documented, and an interactive website (http://www.dot.state.fl.us/aviation/pavement.shtm) was established for input of data.

In 2010-2012, the SAPMP was updated using new GPS integrated technology to digitally collect pavement distress data. Interactive GIS map files were developed from updated Airfield Pavement Network Definition Maps to aid pavement condition inspectors in the collection of sample distress data. The data collected was utilized to develop pavement performance models to predict future pavement PCI values and make recommendations for major rehabilitation.

Currently, airports participating in the Airport Improvement Program (AIP) Grant Program are required by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) to develop and implement a pavement maintenance program to be eligible for funding (FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-6C *Guidelines and Procedures for Maintenance of Airport Pavements*). This program requires detailed inspection of airfield pavement conditions by trained personnel. The inspections are required to be performed at least once a year or every three years, if the pavement is inspected in accordance to the PCI survey procedure (such as ASTM International D 5340 *Standard Test Method for Airport Pavement Condition Index Surveys*). The previous 2010-2012 SAPMP update utilized the ASTM D 5340-04 released in 2004, in lieu of the 2010/2011 edition, in order to maintain consistent database integrity and benefit of pavement performance models from previous inspections.

1.3 Organization

FDOT Central Aviation Office Program Manager

The FDOT Central Office Airport Engineering Manager serves as the Aviation and Spaceport Office Program Manager (ASO-PM) for the SAPMP. The ASO-PM monitors the work performed by the Consultant. The ASO-PM has review and approval authority for each program task and manages the day-to-day details of the SAPMP and the pertinent updates.

The ASO-PM reports updates and milestones to the FDOT State Aviation and Spaceport Manager and Development Administrator.

Consultant

The Consultant, Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. and their team consisting of Penuel Consulting, LLC and Roy D. McQueen & Associates, LTD, provides technical and administrative assistance to the ASO-PM during the execution of the update to the SAPMP. The efforts include updating the airport pavement inventory data, performing the condition survey inspections, evaluating the airfield pavement conditions and updating the SAPMP based upon procedures outlined in the FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-6C *Guidelines and Procedures for Maintenance of Airport Pavements* and ASTM D 5340.

Airport Role

The airports are the ultimate beneficiary for each condition survey inspection performed at their respective airfields as part of the SAPMP. The individual airports will be provided final deliverables prepared by the Consultant that have been reviewed and approved by the ASO-PM. The airport should have provided a

current Airport Layout Plan (ALP) to the Consultant and, if they participated in the previous SAPMP, indicate any construction activity that was performed since the previous inspections.

FDOT District Offices

The seven FDOT District Offices, specifically the Aviation Representatives, provide vital support to the SAPMP update and the ASO-PM. Each District supports the SAPMP's on-going efforts by providing representative construction trend costs and practices through the Florida Airports System. Each District Office receives copies of individual Airfield Pavement Evaluation Reports for the airport facilities located within their respective districts.

1.4 Introduction to Pavement Types and Pavement Management

Pavement Basics

A pavement is a prepared surface designed to provide a continuous smooth ride at all taxi, takeoff, and landing speeds and to support an estimated amount of traffic loading for a certain number of years. Pavements are composed of a combination of constructed layers of subgrade soils, subbases, base course material, and surface level courses. There are two primary types of pavements:

- Flexible Pavement, composed of bituminous asphalt concrete (AC) surface, base, and subbase layers.
- Rigid Pavement, composed of Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) surface, base, and subbase layers.

Both pavement types use a combination of layered materials and thicknesses in order to support the traffic loads (both magnitude and repeated application) and protect the underlying subgrade soil. Flexible pavements dissipate applied loads from layer to layer until the load magnitude is small enough to be supported by the subgrade soil. In rigid pavements, the PCC layer supports the majority of the structural load applied, and the base or subbase layer is constructed to provide a smooth, level, and continuous platform that provides uniform support for PCC slabs.

A small percentage of airfield pavements within the Florida Airports System are composed of hybrid 'composite pavement' sections that may include both AC pavement and PCC pavement. The two known composite pavements are AC surface over PCC (APC) and PCC over AC (White Topping).

Due to the different nature of the pavement types, construction, and their materials; flexible and rigid pavements have different modes of failure and

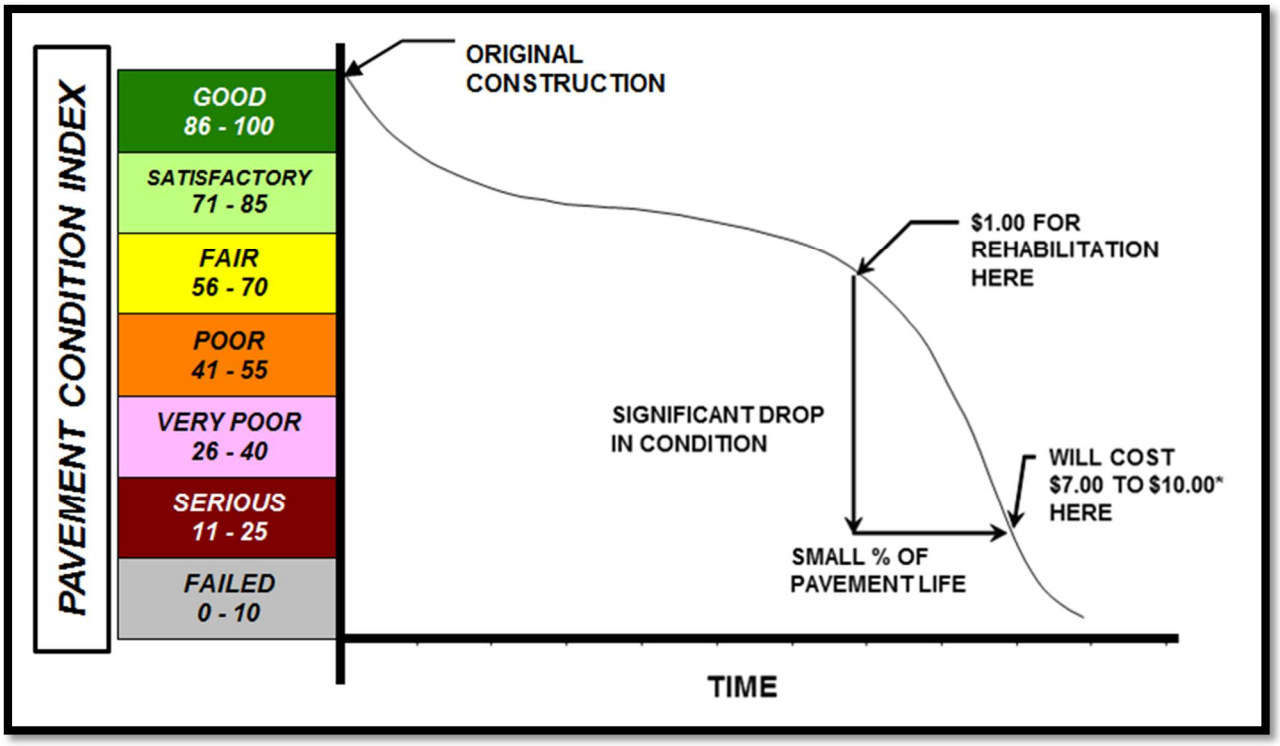
fatigue. This results in varying deterioration and distress development. Understanding the mechanics and modes of failure of the pavement types assists the engineers in making timely, adequate and consistent observations, and in recommending economical maintenance repairs and major rehabilitation to the pavement structures at each airfield.

The Concept of an Airfield Pavement Management System

The SAPMP is a program that provides the Florida Airports System an opportunity to implement and/or maintain a proactive Airfield Pavement Management System (APMS) in a consistent manner at a regular schedule. The SAPMP Airfield Pavement Management System consists of pavement inventory, pavement construction and history, condition survey inspections, pavement performance modeling, maintenance recommendations, and major rehabilitation planning. The various elements of the APMS are used by experienced engineers to identify critical pavements, make pavement preservation or rehabilitation recommendations, and approximate pavement performance. The APMS as a whole is used by an airport's stakeholders, managing agencies, engineers, and planners as a tool in decision making for future project planning, budgeting, and scheduling of activities for its airfield pavement infrastructure.

A benefit of an active APMS is it provides an understanding of an airport's pavement performance trends for the purpose of project planning. Based on the performance trend of their pavements, an airport can schedule pavement maintenance and rehabilitation prior to when the pavement section has deteriorated to a condition that would require reconstruction. The use of pavement performance trends will help airports plan M&R and Rehabilitation projects in a manner and sequence that maximizes benefit and minimizes costs. Figure 1-1, which is based upon the FAA Advisory Circular 150 5380-7B *Airport Pavement Management Program*, illustrates how pavement generally deteriorates over time and the relative cost of rehabilitation and reconstruction throughout its life.

Figure 1-1: Pavement Life Cycle



Source: FAA Advisory Circular 150 5380-7B Airport Pavement Management Program

Note that during approximately the first 75% of a pavement's life, it performs relatively well. After that, however, it begins to deteriorate rapidly. The number of years a pavement stays in 'Good' and 'Satisfactory' conditions depends on how well it is proactively maintained. As the Figure 1-1 demonstrates, the cost of maintaining the pavement above critical condition before rapid deterioration occurs is much less compared to maintaining pavements after substantial deterioration has occurred.

Pavements tend to deteriorate at an accelerated rate when actual traffic loading exceeds the original design assumptions and when limited resources are available for maintenance and repair (M&R) efforts. Planned maintenance and rehabilitation, essentially preserving pavements and delaying condition deterioration, help airport managers, agencies, and engineers maximize the use of their budgets and prolong the life of their pavements. An APMS provides a tool to schedule planned maintenance and major rehabilitation efforts based on a consistent methodology of condition assessment. This consistent methodology of pavement condition assessment allows for the development of pavement performance models to help forecast future pavement conditions.

Part of the implementation of the APMS is the clear identification and inventorying of pavement infrastructure that needs to be managed specifically within the airport owner, manager, and agency responsibility. Another aspect of the APMS is development of maintenance, repair, and major rehabilitation policies that align with the expectations of pavement performance and are based on ability to fund the types of work identified. Once there is an understanding of the cause and extent of pavement distresses, appropriate maintenance and rehabilitation can be planned. By using representative construction costs based on historic bid trends; planning level budget costs can be developed on a multiyear duration.

Airfield Pavement Inspection Methodology for the SAPMP

Pavement condition assessment requires the application of professional judgments regarding the condition of the pavement. The SAPMP airfield pavement condition survey inspections assess pavement, comparing it to a set of standards in ASTM D 5340-12. As part of this update, SAPMP has adopted the changes made in updates to ASTM D 5340-12. These include the separation of Weathering and Raveling into two distinct flexible pavement distresses, and the addition of the Alkali-Silica Reaction distress for rigid pavement distresses. Additionally, the deterioration associated with the rigid pavement distress Scaling/Map Cracking has been modified which results in moving Map Cracking from Scaling to ASR. In the newest version of ASTM D 5340-12, there are two kinds of Shrinkage Cracking, Drying Shrinkage and Plastic Shrinkage. The difference between these two is that the depth of first one may extend through the entire depth of the slab while the thickness of the latter one normally does not extend very deep into the pavement's surface. Furthermore, the Plastic Shrinkage consists of two subcategories: Plastic shrinkage (caused by atmosphere) and Plastic shrinkage (caused by construction). Another kind of Map Cracking is listed under Plastic shrinkage that is caused by construction, as well as Crazing. This additional type of Shrinkage change in distress classification, as described in ASTM D 5340-12, may result in small variances in the PCI values from the previous inspection analysis.

The pavement condition surveys assess the functional condition of the pavement surface based on surface distresses as defined by the ASTM D 5340-12. Typically, deficiencies within a pavement structure will eventually reflect to the pavement surface as distresses described within ASTM D 5340-12. The SAPMP is specifically a visual evaluation and analysis based on the ASTM D 5340-12. The structural condition and relative support of the pavement layers can be directly quantified

using non-destructive deflection testing (NDT) as well as other in-depth engineering evaluation or sampling and testing methods.

For the SAPMP update, only visual surveys were performed. Further structural and geotechnical testing should be conducted to determine design level rehabilitation and/or reconstruction needs should the airport proceed to the design process.

In preparation for the PCI survey inspections, the airfield pavements for each airport are divided into branches, sections, and sample units as established by FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-6C and ASTM D 5340. Further discussion of the process of inventorying and categorizing pavement facilities by use, composition, and history can be found in SECTION 2 *AIRFIELD PAVEMENT NETWORK DEFINITION and PAVEMENT INVENTORY.*

Sample units are uniformly divided areas of pavement that are defined for inspection. Sample unit sizes are approximately 5,000 ± 2,000 square feet for flexible AC pavements and 20 ± 8 slabs for rigid PCC pavements. Prior to conducting the field condition survey inspections, the sampling plan was developed for the airfield pavements based on updates to the previous inspection sampling based on the available knowledge of construction updates. The sample rate adopted for the SAPMP is depicted on Table 1-1.

Table 1-1: Sampling Rate Schedule for SAPMP PCI Survey Inspections

Flexible Pavements Asphalt Concrete		
Number of Sample Units in Section	Number of Sample Units to Inspect	
	Runway	*Taxiways, Aprons, Others*
1 - 4	1	1
5 - 10	2	1
11 - 15	3	2
16 - 30	5	3
31 - 40	7	4
41 - 50	8	5
≥ 51	20% but ≤ 20	10% but ≤ 10

Rigid Pavements Portland Cement Concrete		
Number of Sample Units in Section	Number of Sample Units to Inspect	
	Runway	*Taxiways, Aprons, Others*
1 - 3	1	1
4 - 6	2	1
7 - 10	3	2
11 - 15	4	2
16 - 20	5	3
21 - 30	7	3
31 - 40	8	4
41 - 50	10	5
≥ 51	20% but ≤ 20	10% but ≤ 10

The sample units to be inspected were determined through a systematic random sampling technique to provide an unbiased representation of sample units for each pavement facility. The sample unit locations had been determined in such a way that they are distributed evenly throughout each defined pavement section area. In certain cases when no representative distresses are observed in the field, additional sample units were added.

The distress quantities and severity levels from each inspected sample unit are used to compute the PCI value and rating for each Section using the ASTM D 5340-12 and MicroPAVER (also known currently as PAVER) software. Figures 1-2 and 1-3 depict graphical representations of the color ranges associated with PCI values and ranges with a photograph of airfield pavement that exhibited the conditions for both flexible and rigid pavements respectively.

Figure 1-2: Flexible Pavement, Asphalt Concrete

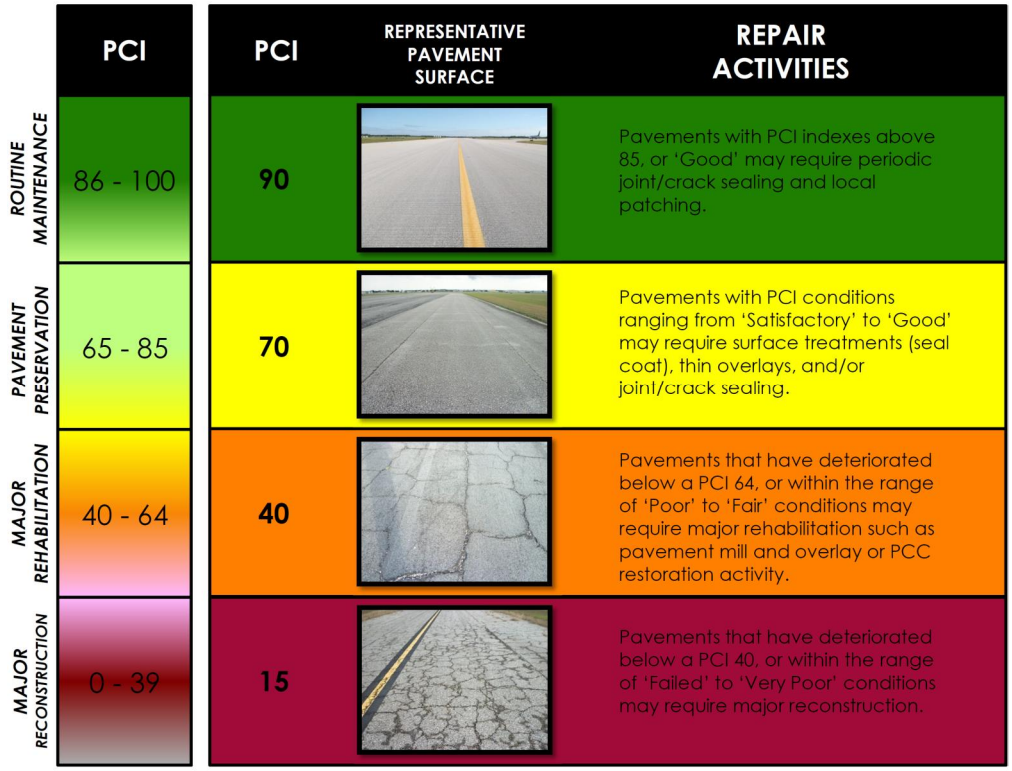
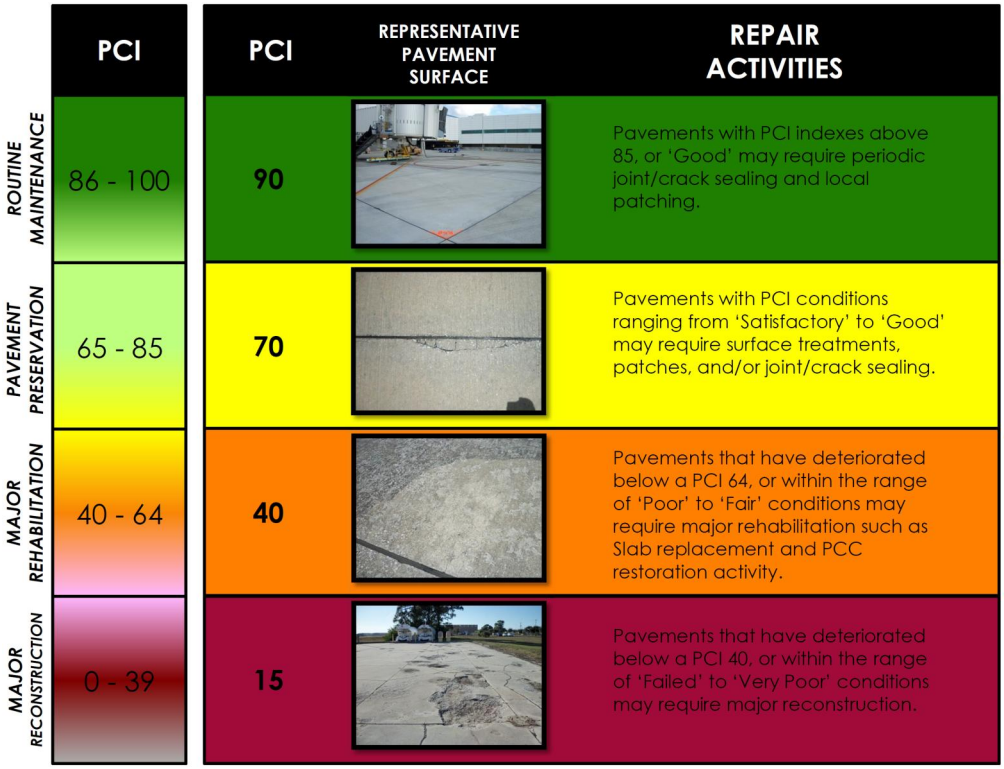


Figure 1-3: Rigid Pavement, Portland Cement Concrete



Using the ASTM D 5340-12 standard seven qualitative ranges, the SAPMP provides a PCI value and a standard qualitative condition rating for the pavement facilities inspected.

2. AIRFIELD PAVEMENT NETWORK DEFINITION AND PAVEMENT INVENTORY

Palm Beach County Park Airport (LNA) is located south of West Palm Beach, in Palm Beach County, Florida. It is owned by Palm Beach County and operated by the Department of Airports. The Airport is served by three runways. Runway 9-27 is 75-ft wide by 3,489-ft long. Runway 3-21 is 75-ft wide by 3,256-ft long. Runway 15-33 is 100-ft wide by 3,421-ft long. Runway 9-27 is served by parallel Taxiways Charlie and Alpha. Runway 15-33 is served by parallel Taxiway Bravo. There is a general aviation ramp on the south side of the Airport adjacent to Taxiway Charlie. This airport is designated as a Regional Reliever airport and is located in District 4 of the Florida Department of Transportation.

It is important to note that the aforementioned runway data in addition to the remaining airfield pavement facilities geometric attributes may vary slightly from the geometry used in the condition exhibit in Appendix B and the major rehabilitation exhibit in Appendix F based on field measurements.

Palm Beach County Park Airport, commonly referred to as Lantana Airport, was established in 1941 as a reliever airport to Palm Beach international Airport. It harbored the Civil Air Patrol, an auxiliary to the Air Corps, to monitor submarine activities along Florida's coast during World War II. The airport transitioned to civilian use in the 1950's as a training and general aviation facility.

2.1 Network Definition

The airfield pavements within each airport network are separated into manageable units within the FDOT SAPMP MicroPAVER database system, organizing pavement data by similar use and constructive history.

Branch and Section Identification

Each airport's airfield pavement network is generally subdivided into separate Branches (runways, taxiways, aprons/ramps, or others) that have distinctly different functional identifications and uses. Each Branch is further subdivided into Sections as defined by pavement location, composition, and construction history. A Section is typically understood to be a project level subdivision within a Branch feature. Sections are manageable units to organize data collection and are treated individually during the maintenance and major rehabilitation planning process. A pavement rank (primary, secondary, or tertiary) is assigned to each Section based on its importance and type of use to airport operations. The

pavement rankings designated for each section at this airport were defined by the previous SAPMP, unless changes were communicated by the airport. These Sections are further subdivided into condition survey sample units based on the methodology described in ASTM D 5340.

Airfield Pavement System Inventory and Network Definition Update

The Airfield Pavement System Inventory and Airfield Pavement Network Definition Exhibits are developed individually for each participating airport. Based on information requested of and provided by the airport, the airfield pavements are evaluated on designation updates, and recent or anticipated pavement construction activity. As mentioned previously, a Section is defined partially by its construction history of which is factored in the performance and condition of the pavement section.

The Airfield Pavement System Inventory Exhibit, Figure A-2 in Appendix A, is a snapshot of recent and anticipated airfield pavement construction activity communicated by the airport since the last SAPMP update. Construction activities identified include maintenance and repair activity, major rehabilitation, and airfield pavement expansion efforts. Maintenance and repair activity may include; surface treatments, crack sealing, patching, slab replacement, and others. Both maintenance and rehabilitation activities are identified at the pavement section level. This type of work may result in an increase in overall Section PCI since the last inspection. Major rehabilitation efforts may include; asphalt milling and overlay, and full depth pavement reconstruction. This type of effort will result in a resetting of the pavement section PCI value to 100 due to the nature of the work. Lastly, airfield pavement expansions are accounted for as new inventory and assigned a section PCI of 100. Typically the new pavement sections are not inspected due to its condition; however these pavements are incorporated into the SAPMP pavement database. When possible, these changes are reflected in the Airfield Pavement Network Definition Exhibit, in Appendix A, prior to the field inspection. The updates are typically discussed and confirmed with airport personnel at the beginning and end of condition survey inspections to ensure accuracy.

The Airfield Pavement Network Definition Exhibit depicts the airport's pavement limits with Branch and Section delineations. This exhibit also includes the subdivision on Section areas into sample units and is used to identify those sample units that are to be inspected. The previous SAPMP Airfield Pavement Network Definition Exhibits were used as a base. Updates and information provided by each airport was reviewed and the exhibits were revised appropriately.

Characteristics that are considered include; airfield configuration, branch designations (magnetic declination, Airport Layout Plan updates) and pavement composition. The exhibit serves not only as a primary guide for the airfield inspectors but also allows specific distresses found in the re-inspection report to be geographically located.

Due to recent and anticipated construction efforts; pavement area sections may have been consolidated or created which will affect the total number of sample units to be inspected based upon the methods described in ASTM D 5340 and from the sampling rate schedule. Table 2-1 summarizes the recent and anticipated airfield pavement construction efforts communicated by the airport.

Table 2-1: Previous and/or Anticipated Airfield Pavement Construction

Construction Year	Section Location	Work Type/Pavement Section
2012	APRON RUN-UP RUNWAY 9	NEW ASPHALT PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION
2012	RUNWAY 15-33	ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2012	TAXIWAY C, PARTIAL TAXIWAY D, TAXIWAY B	ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2012	TERMINAL RAMP	ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2015	RUNWAY 9-27, RUNWAY 3-21 INTERSECTION	MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2015	TAXIWAY B, RUNWAY 9-27 INTERSECTION	MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2015	REHAB. OF APRON AREAS	MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION

Airfield Pavement Network Definition & Geographic Information System (GIS)

As part of this SAPMP update, geographic information system (GIS), global positioning system (GPS), and digital data collection were integrated into the Pavement Inspection Methodology at each airport. Using AutoCAD Civil 3D, ArcMap, ArcPad, and FDOT Survey and Mapping Office Aerial Photography; digital navigation maps have been developed for each airport to represent the SAPMP pavement inventory attributes. These navigation maps were used with

field data tablets to assist survey teams as they performed condition inspections by navigating pavement infrastructure and collecting distress data.

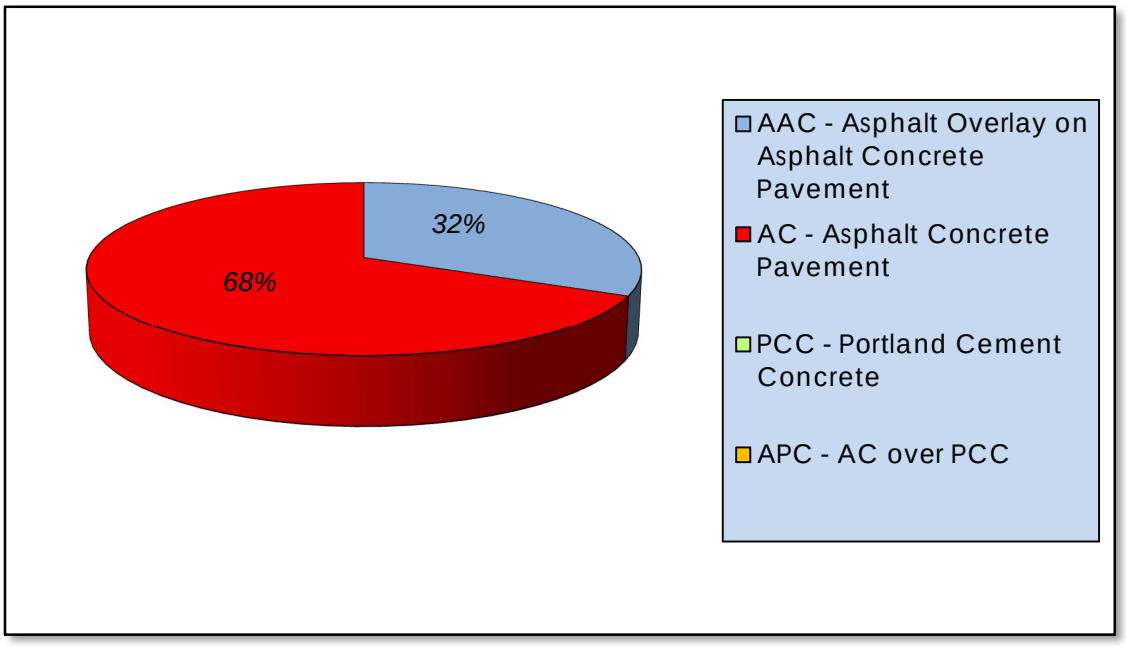
2.2 Pavement Inventory

The detailed pavement inventory database was updated to reflect the updates to the Airfield Pavement Network Definition Exhibit, in Appendix A, and field inspection results. Table 2-2 and Figure 2-1 provides a summary of the pavement inventory attributes at Palm Beach County Park Airport for this SAPMP update.

Table 2-2: Pavement Inventory Summary

Airfield Pavement Network Definition		
Number of Branches	11	
Number of Sections	22	
Sample Units	88	
Airfield Pavement Use		
Use	Area (SF)	Relative Area (%)
Runway	825,902	38%
Taxiway	453,688	21%
Apron	917,442	42%
Total =	2,197,032	100%
Airfield Pavement Type		
Type	Area (SF)	Relative Area (%)
Asphalt Concrete (AC)	1,501,581	68%
Asphalt Overlay (AAC)	695,451	32%
Portland Cement Concrete (PCC)	0	0%
AC over PCC (APC)	0	0%

Figure 2-1: Airfield Pavement Type



Specific details to each Branch and Section such as; name, geometry, age, rank, surface type, and construction history are provided in Table 2-3.

Table 2-3: Airfield Pavement Inventory Details

Branch Name	Branch ID	Section ID	True Area (SF)	Section Rank	Surface Type	Last Const. Date	Total Samples Inspected	Total Samples
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	6310	6,150	P	AC	1/1/1965	1	2
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	6305	228,640	P	AC	1/1/1993	14	61
RUNWAY 15-33	RW 15-33	6215	315,000	P	AAC	1/1/2012	13	63
RUNWAY 15-33	RW 15-33	6205	27,600	P	AAC	1/1/2012	2	6
RUNWAY 9-27	RW 9-27	6105	248,513	T	AC	6/1/2007	14	66
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15	AP RU RW15	4305	6,377	P	AC	1/1/1993	1	1
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 9	AP RU RW 9	4205	30,821	P	AC	1/1/2012	1	6
GA APRON	AP GA	4120	135,640	P	AAC	1/1/2012	5	27
GA APRON	AP GA	4115	167,010	P	AAC	1/1/1985	7	33
GA APRON	AP GA	4105	577,594	P	AC	1/1/1985	11	122
TAXIWAY A	TW A	310	110,651	P	AC	6/1/2007	3	30

Branch Name	Branch ID	Section ID	True Area (SF)	Section Rank	Surface Type	Last Const. Date	Total Samples Inspected	Total Samples
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	223	5,529	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1	1
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	220	4,124	P	AC	1/1/1993	1	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	217	5,087	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	215	3,442	P	AC	1/1/1993	1	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	210	11,845	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1	3
TAXIWAY B	TW B	205	103,940	P	AC	1/1/1993	3	29
TAXIWAY D	TW D	125	10,891	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1	3
TAXIWAY D	TW D	120	3,838	P	AC	1/1/1964	1	1
TAXIWAY C	TW C	115	12,354	P	AC	6/1/2007	1	3
TAXIWAY C	TW C	105	165,138	P	AC	1/1/2012	4	34
TAXIWAY C	TW C	103	16,849	P	AAC	1/1/2007	1	3

Note: If new construction, then survey date = last construction date and PCI is set to 100 by MicroPAVER.
** Sections not surveyed due to reasons such as re-sectioning, no escort, not accessible at the time of survey. Please refer to Section 3 for discussion on the updates to the ASTM D 5640 that may affect PCI in comparison to previous program update.*

3. AIRFIELD PAVEMENT CONDITION

Airfield pavement distresses and condition were surveyed in accordance with the methods outlined in FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-6C and ASTM D 5340-12. These procedures define distress type, severity, and quantity for sampling areas within each defined pavement section area to analyze and determine the PCI value and condition rating.

The program has been updated from ASTM D 5340-04, released in 2004, to ASTM D 5340-12, released in 2013, for this SAPMP update. The primary updates include the separation of certain distress types and the addition of new types with corresponding changes to PCI calculation. These changes in distress classification may result in small variances in the PCI values from the previous inspection analysis.

Below is a brief description of the changes to the distresses presented in the ASTM D 5340 methodology and a table summarizing the deduction affected.

a) Flexible Asphalt Concrete Pavement distresses for airfield pavements: The previous methodology which featured "(52) Weathering and Raveling" distress has been separated into two distresses "(52) Raveling" and "(57) Weathering". Previously, areas that were recorded as "Weathering and Raveling" were considered as one distress with a high deduction. Based on the updated methodology, in certain situations where "Weathering" only exists and does not meet the definition of "Raveling", the PCI deduction is not as high as the former "Weathering and Raveling". Therefore, areas identified only as "(57) Weathering" based on current ASTM standards, which were previously identified as "(52) Weathering and Raveling", may be subject to an improvement in PCI. In instances where pavement PCI has increased due to this update, it is not due to an improvement in actual condition, however indicative of the adjusted distress deterioration effects.

b) Rigid Portland Cement Concrete Pavement distresses for airfield pavements: The previous methodology defined "(70) Scaling" as a distress that consisted of surface deterioration caused by construction defects, material defects, and environmental factors. The distress included Alkali-Silica Reaction, also known as ASR. The current methodology has separated Alkali-Silica Reaction as a distress identified as "(76) Alkali-Silica Reaction / ASR". As a result the previous "(70) Scaling" numerical deduction

contribution to the PCI has been reduced. Previous inspections that recorded "(70) Scaling", and currently do not exhibit "(76) Alkali-Silica Reactivity / ASR" may potentially see an increase in PCI. Additionally, (73) Shrinkage Cracks has been redefined as (73) Shrinkage Cracking. Shrinkage Cracking is characterized in two forms; drying shrinkage and plastic shrinkage. Drying shrinkage occurs over time as moisture leaves the pavement, it develops when hardened pavement continues to shrink as excess water not needed for cement hydration evaporates. It forms when subsurface resistance to the shrinkage is present and may extend through the entire depth of the slab. Plastic shrinkage develops when there is rapid loss of water in the surface of recently placed pavement or can form from over finishing/overworking of the pavement during construction. These shrinkage cracks appear as a series of inter-connected hairline cracks, or pattern cracking, and are often observed throughout the majority of the slab surface. This condition is also referred to as map cracking or crazing.

Distress Updates to Reflect ASTM 5340-12			
Use and Surface Type	Old 5340-04 Distress	New Distress	Deduct Curve
AC/AAC/APC Airfield	(52) Weathering & Raveling - Low	(52) Raveling - Low	No Change
	(52) Weathering & Raveling - Medium	(52) Raveling - Medium	No Change
	(52) Weathering & Raveling - High	(52) Raveling - High	No Change
	N/A	(57) Weathering - Low	New
	N/A	(57) Weathering - Medium	New
	N/A	(57) Weathering - High	New
PCC Airfield	(70) Scaling - Low	(70) Scaling - Low	New
	(70) Scaling - Medium	(70) Scaling - Medium	New
	(70) Scaling - High	(70) Scaling - High	New
	N/A	(76) Alkali Silica Reaction – Low	New
	N/A	(76) Alkali Silica Reaction – Medium	New
	N/A	(76) Alkali Silica Reaction – High	New

3.1 Inspection Methodology

A pavement condition survey inspection is performed by measuring the amount and severity of defined pavement distresses observed within the boundaries of sample units. These distresses, as defined by ASTM D 5340, are generally caused by traffic fatigue loading, exposure to climate and elements, and other airfield specific factors. This data is collected by field personnel experienced in pavement condition survey inspection. Data collection is then transferred into the FDOT MicroPAVER database system. MicroPAVER (also known as PAVER) is used to calculate PCI values using the methodology described in ASTM D 5340-12. The values are calculated for each sample and extrapolated on a Section level to determine an area-weighted PCI value ranging from 0 to 100 and one of seven condition ratings. Tables 3-1 and 3-2 describe the distresses as defined by the ASTM D 5340-12 and adopted for the SAPMP procedures.

Table 3-1: Airfield Pavement Distresses for Asphalt Concrete

Code	Distress	Primary Mechanisms
41	Alligator Cracking	Load / Fatigue Failure
42	Bleeding	Construction Quality/ Mix Design
43	Block Cracking	Climate / Age
44	Corrugation	Load / Construction Quality
45	Depression	Subgrade Quality
46	Jet Blast	Aircraft
47	Joint Reflection - Cracking	Climate / Prior Pavement
48	Longitudinal/Transverse Cracking	Climate / Age
49	Oil Spillage	Aircraft / Vehicle
50	Patching	Utility / Pavement Repair
51	Polished Aggregate	Repeated Traffic Loading
52	Raveling	Climate / Load
53	Rutting	Repeated Traffic Loading
54	Shoving	PCC Pavement Growth / Movement
55	Slippage Cracking	Load / Pavement Bond
56	Swelling	Climate / Subgrade Quality
57	Weathering	Climate

Source: U.S. Army CERL, FDOT Airfield Inspection Reference Manual

Table 3-2: Airfield Pavement Distresses for Portland Cement Concrete

Code	Distress	Primary Mechanisms
61	Blow-up	Climate / Alkali Silica Reaction
62	Corner Break	Load Repetition / Curling Stresses
63	Linear Cracking	Load Repetition / Curling Stresses / Shrinkage Stresses
64	Durability Cracking	Freeze-Thaw Cycling
65	Joint Seal Damage	Material Deterioration / Construction Quality
66	Small Patch	Pavement Repair
67	Large Patch/Utility Cut	Utility / Pavement Repair
68	Popout	Freeze-Thaw Cycling
69	Pumping	Load Repetition / Poor Joint Sealant
70	Scaling/Crazing	Construction Quality / Freeze-Thaw Cycling
71	Faulting	Load Repetition / Subgrade Quality
72	Shattered Slab	Overloading
73	Shrinkage Cracking	Construction Quality / Load
74	Joint Spalling	Load Repetition / Infiltration of Incompressible Material
75	Corner Spalling	Load Repetition / Infiltration of Incompressible Material
76	Alkali-Silica Reaction	Construction Quality / Climate

Source: U.S. Army CERL, FDOT Airfield Inspection Reference Manual

3.2 Airfield Pavement Condition Index Rating Results

From the condition survey inspection performed in 2014 at Palm Beach County Park Airport, the overall weighted average PCI value is 82 representing a condition rating of Satisfactory.

The airport exhibited overall pavement distresses associated with climate and age. The airfield is composed of asphalt concrete pavement. Common pavement distresses observed include longitudinal/transverse cracking, weathering, and raveling.

Runway 9-27 is paved with AC pavement and is in Satisfactory condition. Typical distresses include low severity longitudinal/transverse cracking, low severity raveling, and low severity weathering. These are climate and age related

distresses. A transverse pavement joint just east of Runway 3-21 has opened up, causing a discontinuity in the runway surface. This is a construction issue and cannot be classified as a pavement distress. However, it should be noted for future pavement rehabilitation planning.

Runway 3-21 is paved with AC pavement and is mostly in Satisfactory condition. Typical distresses include low severity longitudinal/transverse cracking, low severity raveling, and low severity weathering. These are climate and age related distresses. The exception to the pattern is the intersection with Runway 9-27. These pavements exhibited block cracking, raveling, and depression, indicating the pavement is severely aged and subgrade quality issues. Some swelling was also observed north of the intersection with Runway 15-33 and should be monitored for potential impacts to rideability.

Runway 15-33 had recently undergone rehabilitation at the time of inspection. It is assumed to have a PCI value of 100.

The GA Ramp was in Fair condition. Typical distresses include low severity longitudinal/transverse cracking, low and medium severity raveling, low and medium severity block cracking, low severity swelling, oil spillage, and low severity weathering. These are climate, aircraft traffic, subgrade quality, and age related distresses.

Appendix B contains Table B-1 which summarizes the Section Condition Values and an Airfield Pavement Condition Index Rating Exhibit, Figure B-1, which depicts the PCI results by Section. Appendix C contains MicroPAVER reports of PCI results by Branch and Section. Appendix H includes the most current detailed distress data generated by MicroPAVER for each inspected sample unit for this update.

The pavement condition at Palm Beach County Park Airport is represented in Figure 3-1 in accordance with the condition categories and PCI scale referenced in ASTM D 5340. Further detail is provided in Table 3-3 which describes the breakdown of the airport's airfield conditions according to area and use.

Figure 3-1: Airfield Pavement Condition Index Rating Summary

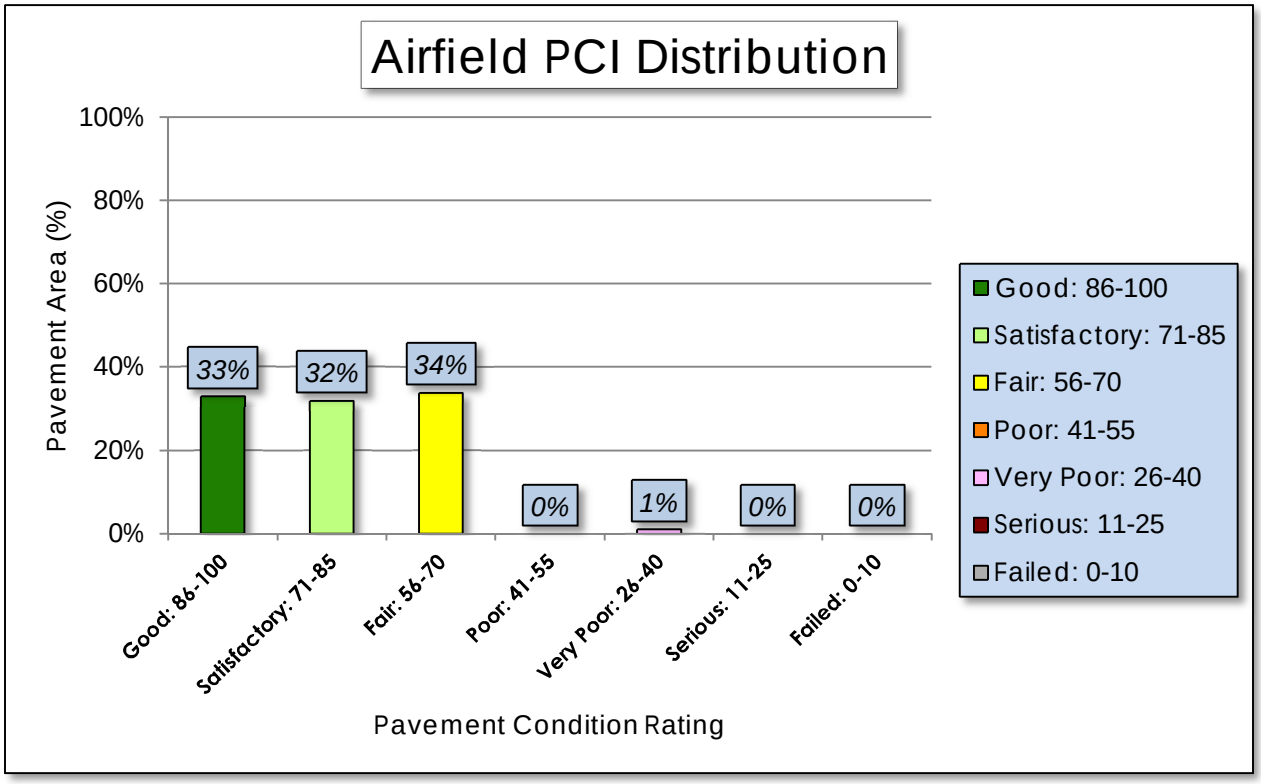


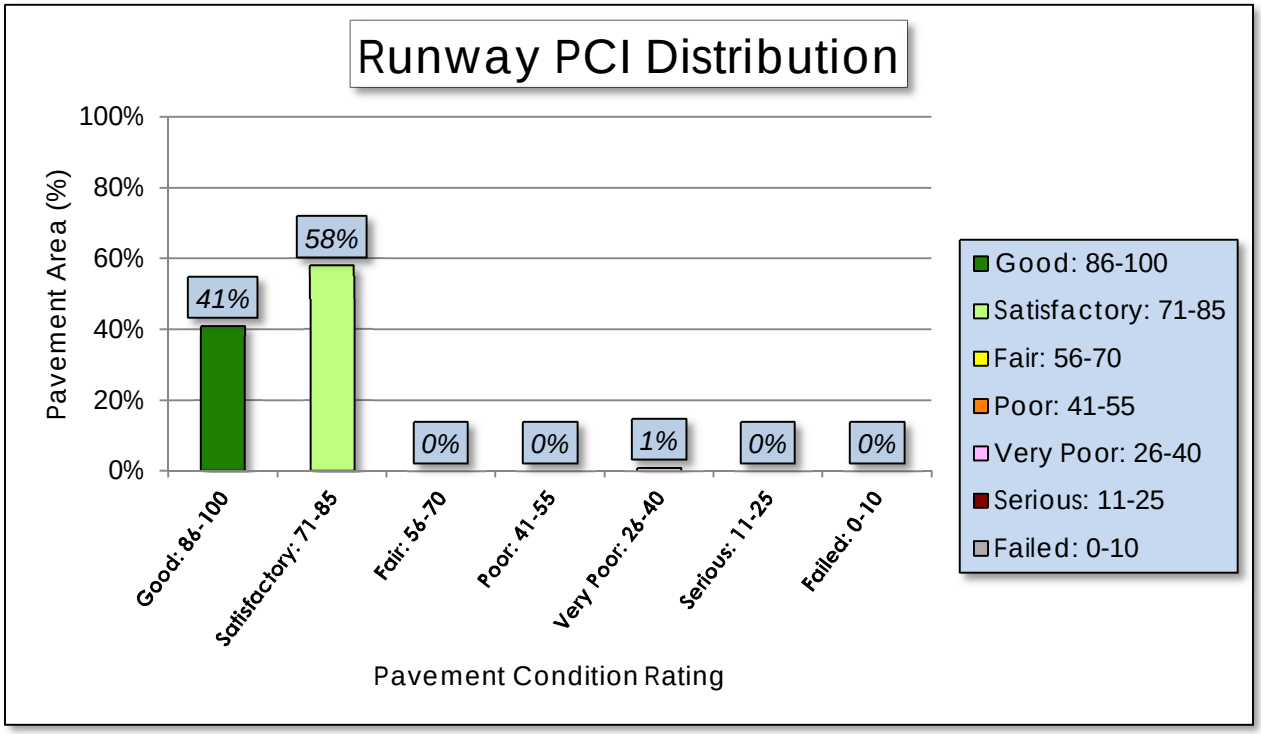
Table 3-3: Pavement Condition Index Rating Summary

Airfield Pavement Use		
Use	Average Area-Weighted PCI	Condition Rating
Runway	88	GOOD
Taxiway	89	GOOD
Apron	73	SATISFACTORY
Condition Area		
Condition Rating	Area (SF)	Relative Area (%)
Good	727,867	33%
Satisfactory	712,034	32%
Fair	750,981	34%
Poor	-	0%
Very Poor	6,150	1%
Serious	-	0%
Failed	-	0%

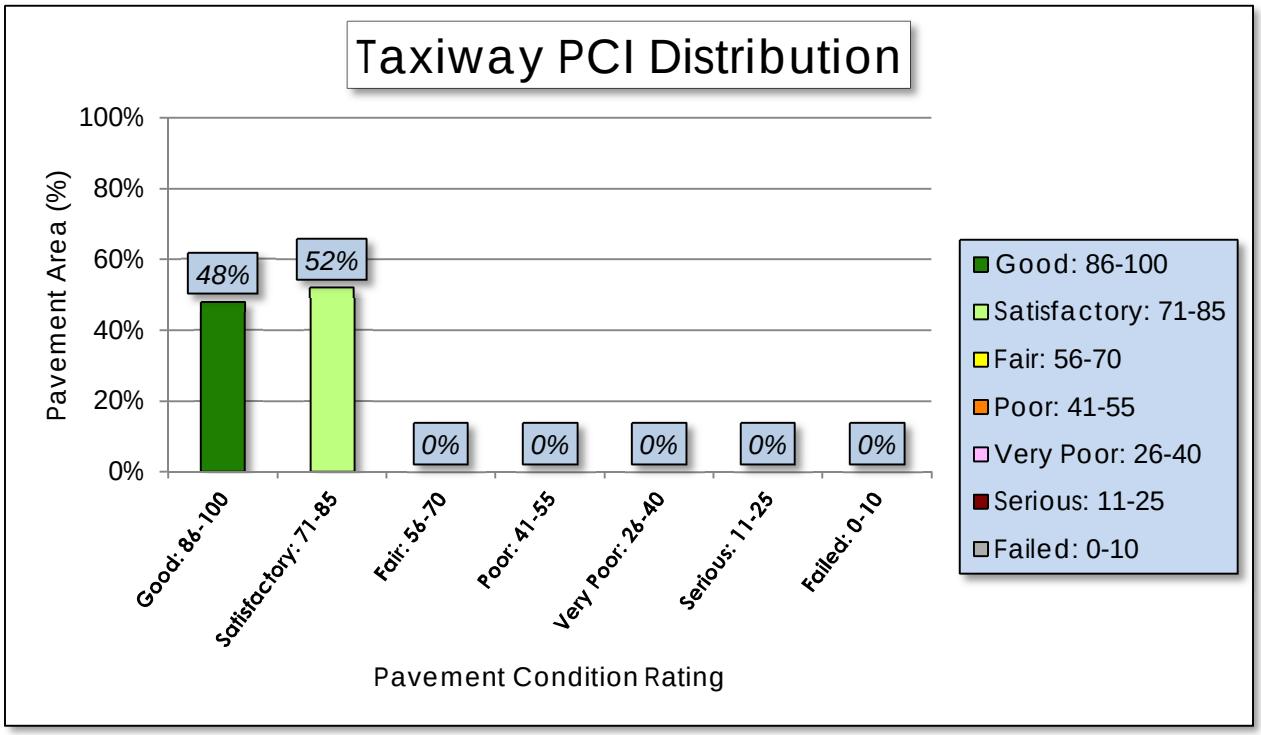
Approximately 65% of the airfield network is in Good and Satisfactory condition, while 1% of the network is in a Poor to Failed condition. Table 3-3 provides a breakdown of total area for each pavement by condition rating. Figures 3.2 a, b, c depict the condition rating of the airfield pavement by Branch Use. Photographs taken during the condition survey inspection are included in Appendix G. The photographs included are intended to be representative of the distress observed.

Figure 3-2: Percentage of Pavement Area by Condition Rating by Use

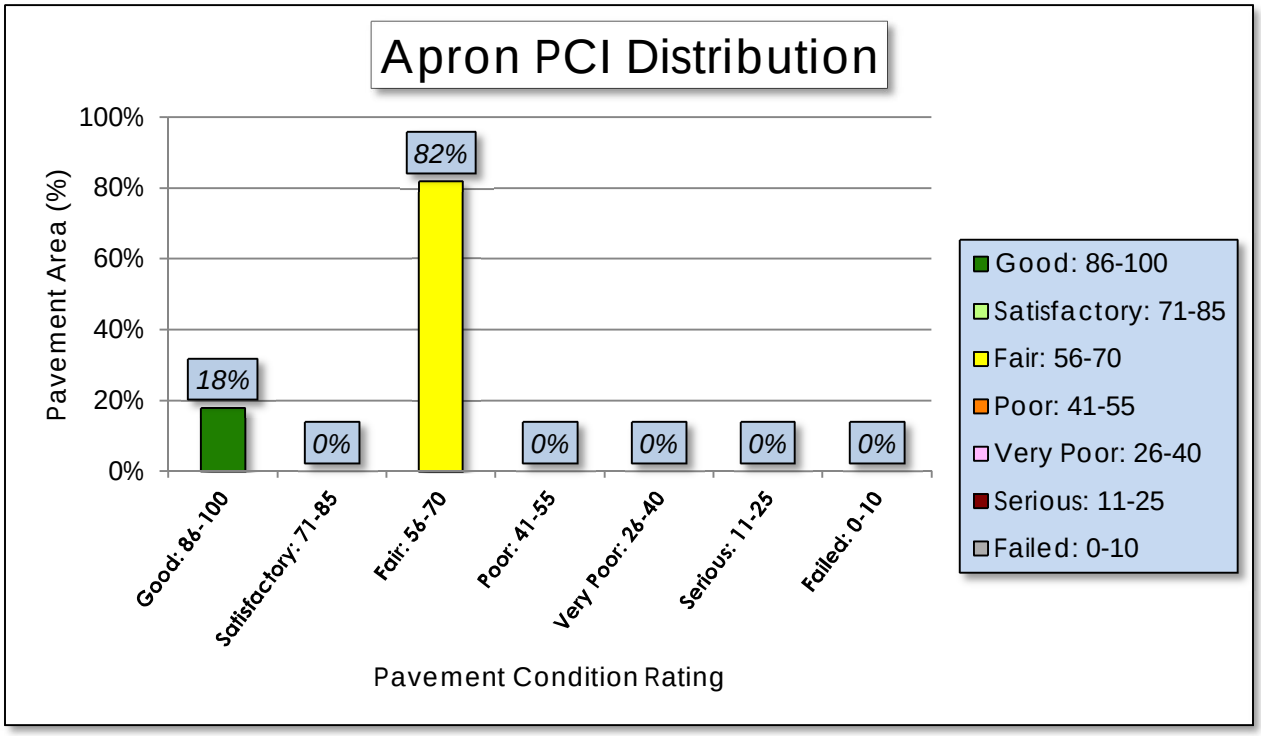
(a) Runway



(b) Taxiway



(c) Apron


Apron PCI Distribution
Pavement Area (%)
100%
80%
60%
40%
20%
0%
18%
0%
82%
0%
0%
0%
0%
Good: 86-100
Satisfactory: 71-85
Fair: 56-70
Poor: 41-55
Very Poor: 26-40
Serious: 11-25
Failed: 0-10
Pavement Condition Rating

4. PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE

Pavement performance models are developed from the distress data collected for the SAPMP for the Florida Airports System. This data is consolidated in a database and organized by inspection date, pavement type, age, pavement use, and airport category. The pavement performance models are used to develop broad prediction models, also known as pavement condition deterioration curves.

The consolidation of the Florida Airports System's pavement infrastructure within the FDOT SAPMP is based on data that has been collected in a consistent method of measurement. The historic pavement condition, or performance trend, has been compiled throughout the system with data from the inception of the SAPMP. This data is processed into models that have been analyzed and developed into prediction curves based upon pavement characteristics. These characteristics include; climate, construction material, and operations. Each model has been developed based on the following criteria:

AIRPORT TYPE (Primary, Regional Reliever, or General Aviation)

>FACILITY USE (Runway, Taxiway, or Apron)

>>FACILITY SURFACE TYPE (AC, AAC, APC, or PCC)

The historic trends of pavement performance at Florida airport facilities for all performance models are consolidated within the program database. This information is utilized in the prediction of pavement performance based on the current PCI determined from the inspections that took place between 2013 and 2015. Major rehabilitation is planned based on the predicted PCI. The intent of this is for both the individual airport and the FDOT District personnel to be aware of anticipated major rehabilitation work based on condition.

Each airport's airfield pavement section condition, for a given inspection year, is one data point that was used as the basis of each performance trend using a performance model based on pavements of similar background. Figures 4-1, 4-2, and 4-3 represent the pavement performance prediction at Palm Beach County Park Airport based on pavement use. Each figure depicts the FDOT recommended Minimum Service Level PCI value for each facility use.

Figure 4-1: Runway Pavement Performance Prediction Summary

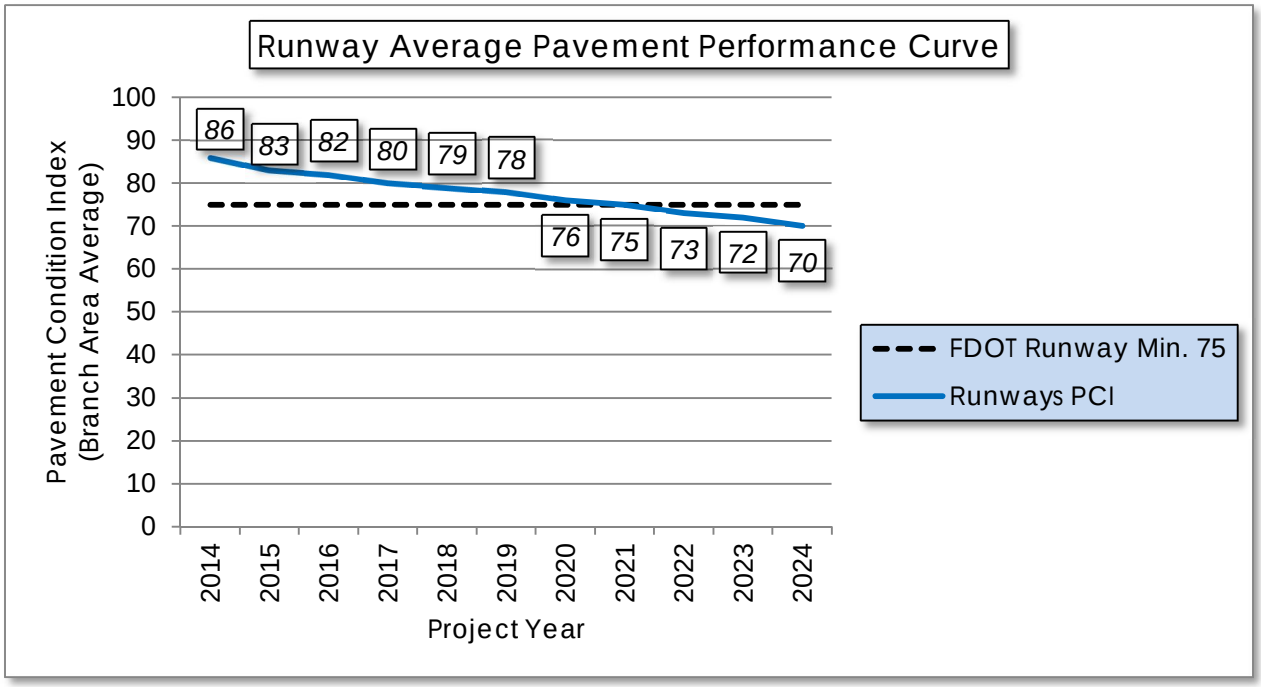


Figure 4-2: Taxiway Pavement Performance Prediction Summary

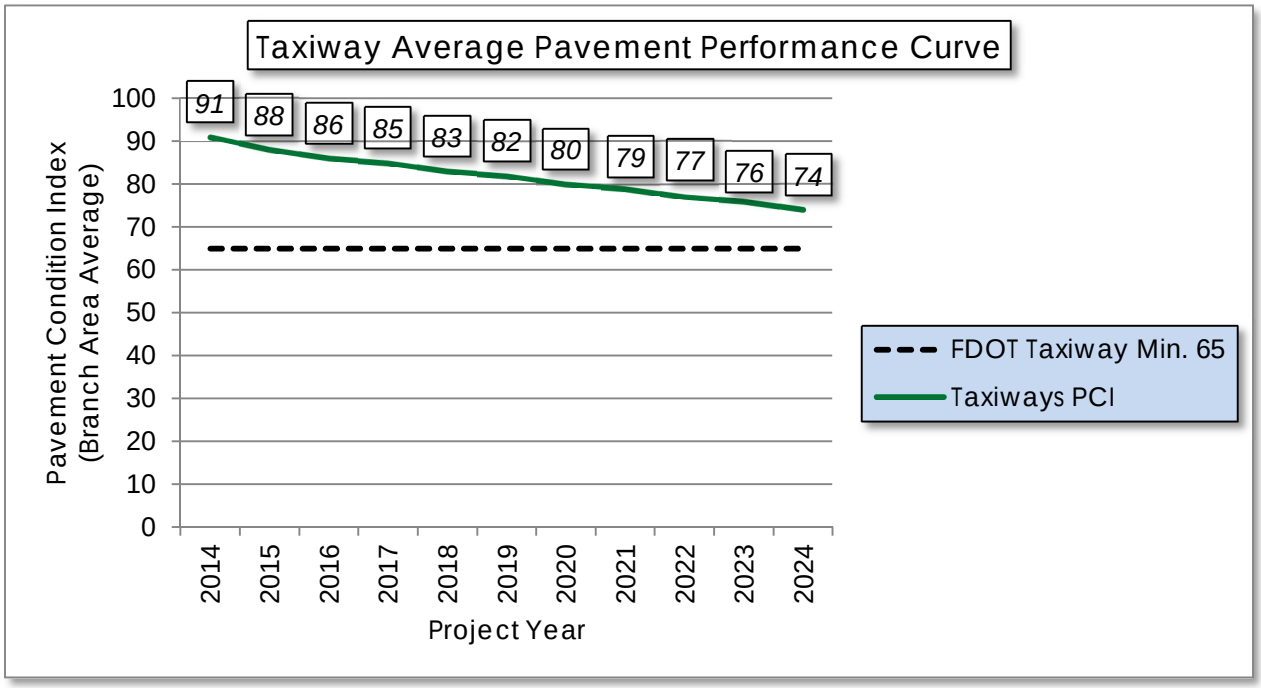
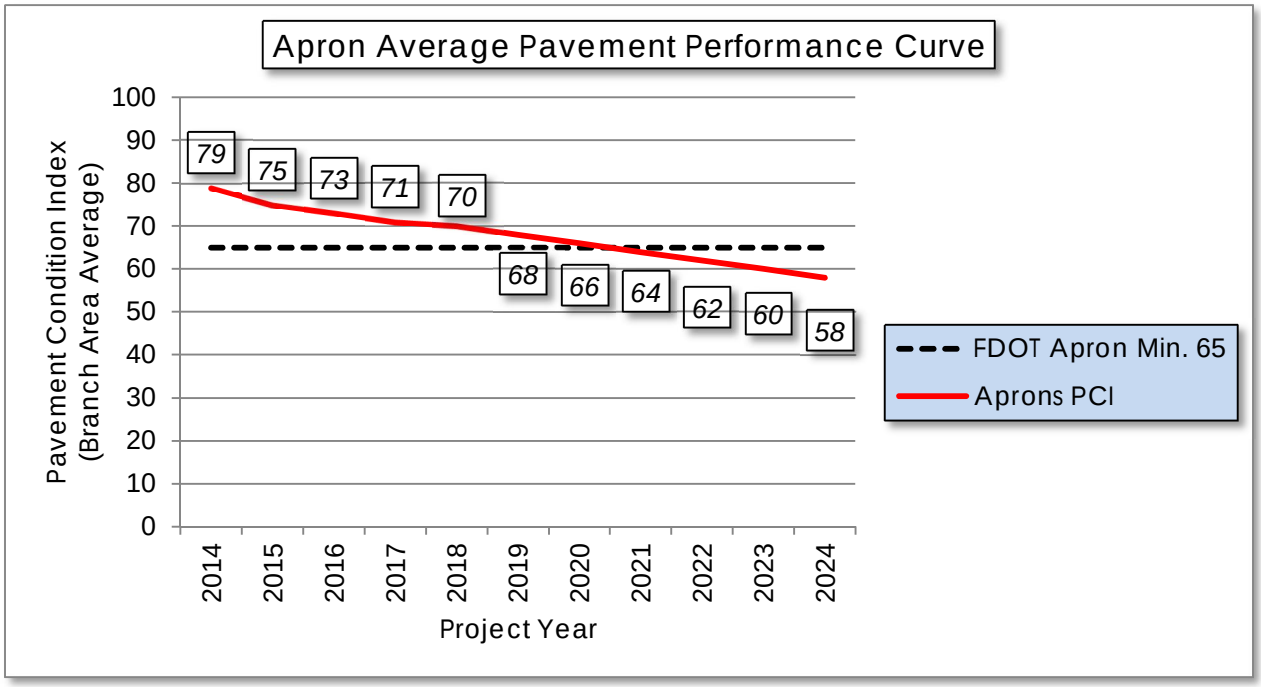


Figure 4-3: Apron Pavement Performance Prediction Summary



Pavement performance modeling to predict the future PCI is primarily done to predict PCI at the Section level for the purpose of planning Major Rehabilitation work. In Appendix D, Table D-1 represents the predicted area-weighted PCI by Section for the airport's airfield pavement infrastructure.

5. AIRFIELD PAVEMENT MAINTENANCE POLICIES AND COSTS

5.1 Policies

Airfield Pavement Maintenance policies are guidance on pavement construction methods used to develop, maintain, repair, and rehabilitate pavement infrastructure based on distresses encountered during the condition surveys.

Maintenance refers to the repair and preservation-type activities that are applied locally to specific distress types on the pavement. These activities for the SAPMP are considered preventative and corrective in nature and are highly recommended to help improve pavement performance and extend pavement life. The SAPMP maintenance policies are based on the FAA Advisory Circular 150/5380-6C and guidance provided in the FDOT Airfield Pavement Repair Manual.

For the purpose of the SAPMP; the maintenance repair needs that are identified and quantified are based solely on the pavement distresses observed and recorded at the time of the inspection. Based on a specific distress type and severity observed, a particular repair work type is recommended and quantified based on the extrapolated section distresses. The repair program identified is specific to the current distresses. Future maintenance planning budgets are based on this initial determination. Tables 5-1 and 5-2 provide the list of maintenance activities incorporated into the SAPMP MicroPAVER database to treat specific distress types and severities.

Table 5-1: Recommended AC, AAC, and APC Maintenance and Repair Policy

Surface Type	Distress Code	Distress Name	Severity	Maintenance Work Type	Work Unit
Flexible Asphalt Concrete (AC, AAC, APC)	41	Alligator Cracking	L, M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	42	Bleeding	N/A	Partial Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	43	Block Cracking	L	Seal Coat Treatment	Square Feet
	43	Block Cracking	M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	44	Corrugation	L, M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	45	Depression	L, M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	46	Jet Blast Erosion	L, M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	47	Joint Reflection Cracking	L	Crack Sealing	Linear Feet
	47	Joint Reflection Cracking	M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	48	Longitudinal/Transverse Cracking	L, M, H	Crack Sealing	Linear Feet
	49	Oil Spillage	L, M	Seal Coat Treatment	Square Feet
	49	Oil Spillage	H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	50	Patch and Utility Patching	M	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	50	Patch and Utility Patching	H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	51	Polished Aggregate	L, M, H	Slurry Seal Coat Treatment	Square Feet
	52	Raveling	L, M	Slurry Seal Coat Treatment	Square Feet
	52	Raveling	H	Partial Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	53	Rutting	L, M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	54	Shoving	L, M, H	Grinding / Removal	Square Feet
	55	Slippage Cracking	L, M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	56	Swelling	M, H	Full Depth Pavement Patch	Square Feet
	57	Weathering	M, H	Seal Coat Treatment	Square Feet

Table 5-2: Recommended PCC Maintenance and Repair Policy

Surface Type	Distress Code	Distress Name	Severity	Maintenance Work Type	Work Unit
Rigid Pavement (PCC)	61	Blowup	L, M, H	Slab Replacement / Full Depth Patch	Square Feet
	62	Corner Break	L, M, H	Partial Slab Full Depth Patch - PCC	Square Feet
	63	Longitudinal/Transverse/Diagonal Cracking	H	Crack Sealing - PCC	Linear Feet
	64	Durability Cracking	M, H	Slab Replacement / Full Depth Patch	Square Feet
	65	Joint Seal Damage	L, M, H	Joint Seal Repair (Local)	Linear Feet
	66	Patching, Small	M, H	Partial Slab Full Depth Patch – PCC	Square Feet
	67	Patching, Large	M, H	Partial Slab Full Depth Patch – PCC	Square Feet
	69	Pumping	L, M, H	Slab Stabilization / Slab Jacking	Square Feet
	70	Scaling/Map Cracking/Crazing	L, M	Micro-mill and Seal - PCC	Square Feet
	70	Scaling/Map Cracking/Crazing	H	Slab Replacement / Full Depth Patch	Square Feet
	71	Settlement / Faulting	L	Micro-mill and Seal - PCC	Square Feet
	71	Settlement / Faulting	M, H	Slab Stabilization / Slab Jacking	Square Feet
	72	Shattered Slab	L, M, H	Slab Replacement / Full Depth Patch	Square Feet
	73	Shrinkage Cracks	N/A	Crack Sealing - PCC	Linear Feet
	74	Longitudinal/Transverse Joint Spalling	L, M, H	Partial Patch - PCC	Square Feet

Surface Type	Distress Code	Distress Name	Severity	Maintenance Work Type	Work Unit
	75	Corner Spalling	L, M, H	Partial Patch - PCC	Square Feet
	76	Alkali-Silica Reaction	L	Seal Coat Treatment	Square Feet
	76	Alkali-Silica Reaction	M	Micro-mill and Seal - PCC	Square Feet
	76	Alkali-Silica Reaction	H	Slab Replacement / Full Depth Patch	Square Feet

Though proactive pavement maintenance and preservation is highly recommended in an APMS; it is recognized that pavement that has deteriorated below a certain PCI would benefit more from major rehabilitation rather than localized maintenance and repair work. Major rehabilitation is recommended when the pavement condition decreases below a critical point such that the deterioration is extensive or the rate of deterioration is so great that maintenance repair efforts are no longer cost-efficient. This critical point is called "Critical PCI". The critical PCI levels for different pavement and branch types were established by the FDOT and were used in this update to develop a maintenance and major rehabilitation plan for the airport. Sections that are above the "Critical PCI" levels will be recommended for maintenance, repair, and preservation treatments, assuming there are no significant load-related distresses. For those Sections below the Critical PCI, the recommended action will consist of major rehabilitation work. This approach is used for the Section's Current PCI value and the predicted PCI value for future rehabilitation.

The FDOT has recommended minimum service level PCI for airports based on pavement facility use, airport type, and expected loading frequency. This minimum service level PCI is recommended to ensure the pavement provides a safe operational surface and efficiently uses maintenance and rehabilitation budgets. Separately, the Critical PCI is a value based on historic pavement performance trends and costs. It is at a PCI value of 65, for most airports, at which major rehabilitation is recommended over maintenance level efforts. Table 5-3 identifies the FDOT recommended PCI by use and the critical PCI value for the most important pavements at the airport. This is due to the condition of the pavement and the cost effectiveness of the work. A very important concept of a good pavement management system is the proactive preservation of

pavements that are above Critical PCI condition. Conversely, allowing pavement to deteriorate beyond maintenance and performing "worst first" major rehabilitation may cost much more over the life of a pavement.

Table 5-3: Critical and Minimum Service Level PCI for Regional Reliever Airports

Use	FDOT Recommended PCI	Critical PCI
Runway	75	65
Taxiway	65	65
Apron	65	65

Based on historic trends of pavement performance and industry standard practices in pavement maintenance and rehabilitation, the SAPMP included general guidance on construction activity based on condition PCI, as shown on Table 5-4. It is recommended that further investigation of underlying pavement conditions is performed at the design phase.

Table 5-4: Maintenance and Major Rehabilitation Activity Based on PCI

Category	Activity	PCI Range
Maintenance	▪ Crack Sealing (AC/PCC) ▪ Partial Depth Patching (AC) ▪ Full Depth Patching (AC/PCC) ▪ Surface Treatment (AC)	75 - 90
Rehabilitation	▪ Mill and Overlay (AC) ▪ Concrete Pavement Restoration (PCC)	40 - 74
	▪ Full Depth Pavement Reconstruction	0 - 39

The PCI standard scale ranges from a value of 0, typically representing a pavement in a failed condition, to a value of 100 which typically represents a pavement in new or good condition. Generally, airfield pavement sections with a PCI of 75 or higher that are not exhibiting distresses due to aircraft loading will benefit from maintenance activities such as crack sealing, patching, and surface treatments. Pavement sections with PCI values within the range of 40 to 74 may require major rehabilitation, such as a mill and overlay. Lastly, pavement sections with a PCI value of 40 or less are recommended to undergo pavement

reconstruction. Generally pavement reconstruction is the only practical means of restoration due to the substantial distresses observed in the pavement structure. Since PCI values are based solely on the visual determination of pavement distresses and deterioration, this method does not provide a direct measure of structural integrity.

5.2 Unit Costs

The FDOT SAPMP developed and updated the maintenance and major rehabilitation costs based on public cost databases for airport and highway pavement construction. Additionally, cost data collected from FDOT and FAA sponsored projects in the Florida Airports System were utilized to identify construction cost trends across the state.

The maintenance, repair, and preservation activity costs have been updated and developed using readily available construction cost data at the time of this update. The costs depicted in this report for both maintenance and major rehabilitation are intended for planning purposes.

5.3 Maintenance, Repair, and Major Rehabilitation

FDOT recognizes that although pavement mill and overlay is recommended for flexible asphalt concrete pavement within a PCI range from 40 to 74, it is conceivable that airports may not have adequate funding to perform this type of major rehabilitation. A comprehensive surface treatment; per the treatments described in FAA AC 150/5370-10G Standards for Specifying Construction of Airports, as a maintenance rehabilitation activity, can be used in lieu of asphalt concrete pavement mill and overlay. However, it should be understood that these measures provide only a short term extension of pavement life. While the cost of surface treatments are significantly lower than that of pavement mill and overlay, it is not intended or implied to be a full rehabilitative measure for long term benefit. Table 5-5 and Table 5-6 provide budget costs associated with the work types shown in the table.

Table 5-5: AC Maintenance Unit Costs

Surface Type	Maintenance Work Type	Cost	Work Unit
Flexible Asphalt Concrete (AC, AAC, APC)	Full Depth Pavement Patch	$5.00	Square Feet
	Partial Depth Pavement Patch	$3.00	Square Feet
	Seal Coat Treatment	$0.55	Square Feet
	Crack Sealing	$2.75	Linear Feet
	Slurry Seal Coat Treatment	$0.55	Square Feet
	Grinding / Removal	$2.10	Square Feet

Table 5-6: PCC Maintenance Unit Costs

Surface Type	Maintenance Work Type	Cost	Work Unit
Rigid Pavement (PCC)	Slab Replacement / Full Depth Patch	$45.00	Square Feet
	Partial Patch - PCC	$19.10	Square Feet
	Crack Sealing - PCC	$4.25	Linear Feet
	Joint Seal Repair (Local)	$3.00	Linear Feet
	Slab Stabilization / Slab Jacking	$45.00	Square Feet
	Micro-mill and Seal - PCC	$1.00	Square Feet
	Seal Coat Treatment	$1.00	Square Feet

As part of the SAPMP update, the distress data observed at each airport during the inspection is extrapolated on a section basis to make maintenance recommendations. These recommendations are a direct result of the distress types, severities, and quantities observed at the time of inspection. The maintenance recommendations and planning costs are correlated with the airport's airfield pavement network's overall area weighted PCI and used to plan

future maintenance costs. Future maintenance costs are planning budgets that are not specific to a pavement section, but are estimates for the entire airfield. Table 5-7 provides budget costs associated with the rehabilitation activities.

Table 5-7: Rehabilitation Activities and Unit Costs by Condition for Regional Reliever Airports

Category	Activity	PCI Range	Cost/SqFt
Rehabilitation	▪ Mill and Overlay (AC)	40 - 74	$10.00
	▪ Concrete Pavement Restoration (PCC)		$15.00
	▪ Full Depth Pavement Reconstruction	0 - 39	$20.00

A cost scale has been developed based on PCI to develop planning level budgets for the airfield pavements. The cost scale is adjusted by project year based on an assumed inflation rate of 3%. In Appendix E, Table E-1 summarizes the Year-1 maintenance and repair recommendations based on the most recent inspection. The summary in Table E-1 does not take into account any rehabilitation activities, but rather summarizes preventative activities for all PCI ranges, including below critical PCI sections.

6. MAJOR PAVEMENT REHABILITATION NEEDS

As part of the SAPMP, major pavement rehabilitation planning is developed based on current and predicted PCI in comparison with the Critical PCI. The Critical PCI has been determined based on the historic trends of pavement condition relative to the benefit of maintenance and repair activities. Pavement sections determined to have a PCI less than that of the Critical PCI are assumed to have deteriorated to a point at which maintenance and repair level activity would provide little benefit.

The objective of the major pavement rehabilitation needs analysis is to provide planning level projects within an airport's airfield pavement network. Major rehabilitation activities are recommended when a pavement section has deteriorated below the Critical PCI value from a functionality perspective. In addition, major rehabilitation is also recommended when the Section PCI is above the Critical PCI but the Section has load-related PCI distresses. However, most major rehabilitation work is recommended when the Section PCI is below the Critical PCI, which is when maintenance and repair level activities are not considered to be cost effective.

Major rehabilitation is identified within the SAPMP as major construction activity that would result in an improvement or "resetting" of the pavement section's PCI to a value of 100. Such activities could include; mill and hot-mix asphalt overlay and re-construction. This analysis was conducted with no constraints to budgets as a means to identify all pavement projects based on Critical PCI for a 10-year duration. It is recommended that the airport use this as a planning tool for future project development and prioritization. Table 6-1 depicts the major rehabilitation work identified on the pavement section level based on current and predicted pavement PCI.

Airports should consider the major rehabilitation work types of mill and overlay, PCC restoration, and reconstruction planning level classifications only. Additional design level investigation in accordance to the FAA Advisory Circulars will be required to identify specific areas within each section that are subject to reconstruction, mill and overlay, and PCC restoration. The work and budgets identified are intended for the planning level not the design level. Areas identified as mill and overlay may in fact require select areas of reconstruction should load-based distresses observed warrant it.

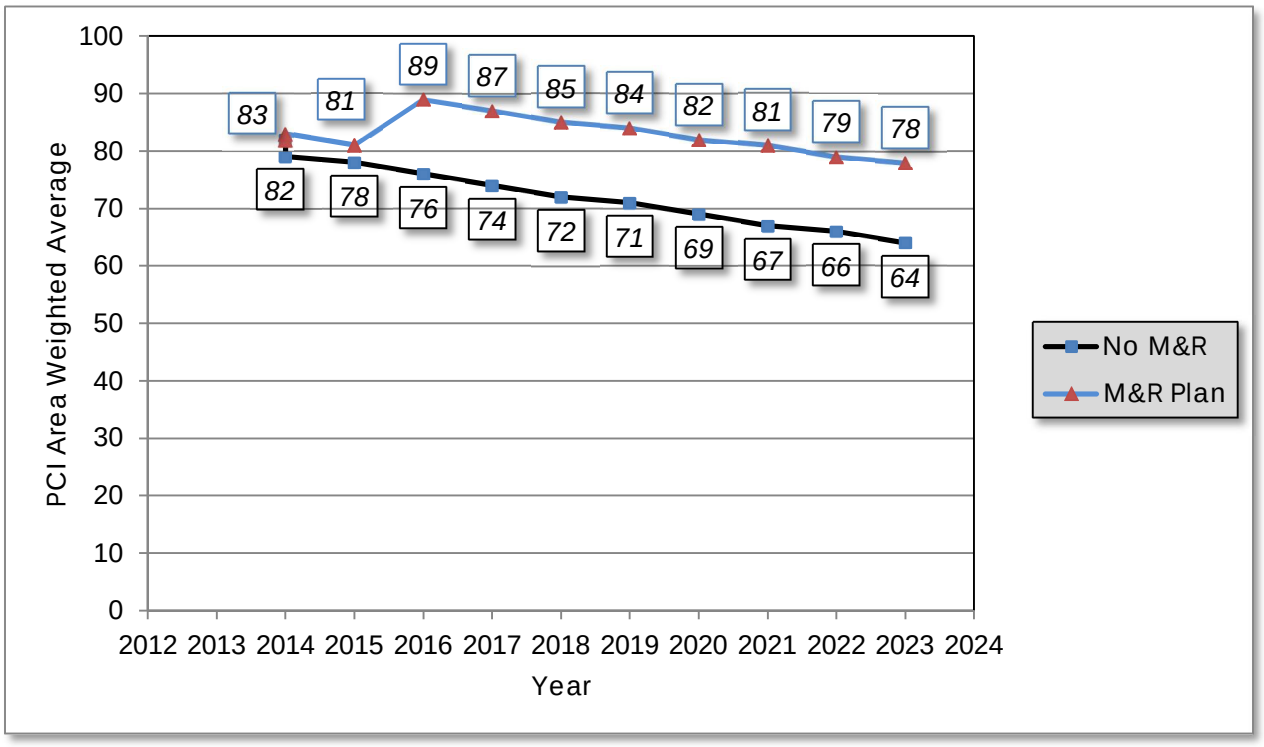
Table 6-1: Summary of Major Rehabilitation

Year	Branch ID	Section ID	Major M&R Costs*	PCI Before M&R	M&R Activity	PCI After M&R
2015	AP GA	4115	$ 2,505,151.00	62	Mill and Overlay	100
2015	AP RU RW15	4305	$ 95,658.00	64	Mill and Overlay	100
2015	RW 3-21	6310	$ 123,000.00	36	Reconstruction	100
2017	AP GA	4105	$ 9,191,544.00	64	Mill and Overlay	100
		Total =	$11,915,353.00			

**Costs are adjusted for inflation at 3%.*

The 10-year major rehabilitation program addresses those pavement sections that have a current or project PCI that is below the Critical PCI of 65 during the 10-year analysis period. The unconstrained or "unlimited budget" Major Rehabilitation Program is compared to a "No Major Rehabilitation Program" scenario in Figure 6-1. As shown, if no major rehabilitation work is completed in the next 10 years at your airport, the average PCI may be 14 points less than a plan that provides timely repairs to the airfield pavements.

Figure 6-1: 10-Year Major Rehabilitation Budget Scenario Analysis



7. PREVENTATIVE AND MAJOR REHABILITATION PLANNING

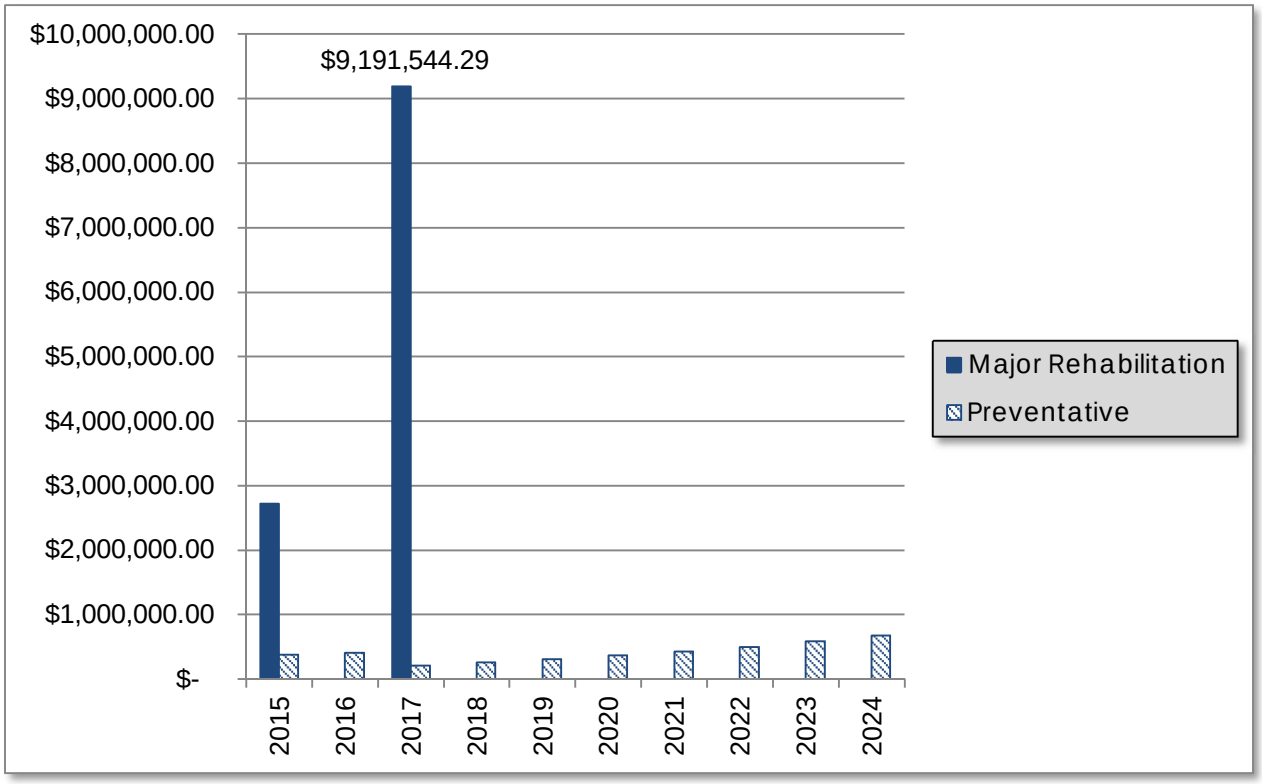
The preventative and major rehabilitation results include activities that are based on distresses observed and unconstrained by budget limits. FDOT recognizes that the projects identified as Year-1 needs in 2015, based on condition, may exceed a typical annual budget level. It is recommended that each airport further evaluate each project's feasibility and desirability based on the airport's future development plans and budgeting scenarios.

In an effort to identify appropriate budget levels, the 10-year Preventative and Major Rehabilitation analysis evaluated projected budget needs based on predicted PCI of each pavement section. Table 7-1 and Figure 7-1 provides a summary of the expected preventative and major rehabilitation for each program year.

Table 7-1: 10-Year Preventative and Major Rehabilitation Summary

Program Year	Preventative	Major Rehabilitation	Total Year Costs
2015	$ 374,506.00	$ 2,723,809.06	$ 3,098,315.05
2016	$ 411,182.58	$ -	$ 411,182.58
2017	$ 214,184.79	$ 9,191,544.29	$ 9,405,729.08
2018	$ 260,857.91	$ -	$ 260,857.91
2019	$ 309,382.41	$ -	$ 309,382.41
2020	$ 366,347.94	$ -	$ 366,347.94
2021	$ 431,325.95	$ -	$ 431,325.95
2022	$ 497,613.15	$ -	$ 497,613.15
2023	$ 584,689.13	$ -	$ 584,689.13
2024	$ 674,775.19	$ -	$ 674,775.19
		Total =	$ 16,040,218.39

Figure 7-1: 10-Year Preventative and Major Rehabilitation Summary



According to the most recent inspections at the time of this update; the following pavement sections were identified as a Year-1 need for major rehabilitation:

- Runway 3-21 – Section 6310.
  - Reconstruction attributed to load, climate, and age of pavement.
- Run-up Apron RW 15 – Section 4305.
  - Mill and Overlay attributed to climate and age of pavement.
- General Aviation Apron – Section 4115
  - Mill and Overlay attributed to climate and age of pavement.

Appendix E summarizes the preventative repair recommendations for Year-1 and Appendix F provides an exhibit, Airfield Pavement Major Rehabilitation that depicts the recommended major rehabilitation on the airfield pavement network according to work type and year.

8. VISUAL AID EXHIBITS

8.1 Airfield Pavement Network Definition Exhibit

The Airfield Pavement Network Definition Exhibit in Appendix A depicts the airfield layout in a manner that defines the airfield pavement infrastructure as branches, sections, and sample units in accordance with the ASTM D 5340-12. The exhibits are prepared and updated with information provided by the airport and from aerial imagery from the FDOT Surveying and Mapping publications.

8.2 Airfield Pavement System Inventory Exhibit

The Airfield Pavement System Inventory Exhibit in Appendix A depicts any recent airfield pavement construction activity reported by the airport. The exhibit is intended to identify pavement sections that may have changed in geometry and pavement composition that would affect the section delineation. The information provided in the Airport Response Form was used as the basis of the changes and confirmed with the airport personnel at the time of inspection.

8.3 Airfield Pavement Condition Index Rating Exhibit

The Airfield Pavement Condition Index Rating Exhibit in Appendix B has been prepared based on the section condition analysis of the distress data collected during the recent condition index rating survey. The exhibit graphically depicts the inventory with associated condition rating colors and PCI values.

8.4 Airfield Pavement Major Rehabilitation Exhibit

The Airfield Pavement Major Rehabilitation Exhibit in Appendix F has been prepared based on the section pavement performance model and major rehabilitation analysis. The exhibit graphically depicts the inventory with associated rehabilitation activity, program year, and the planning level costs.

8.5 Airfield Pavement Condition Survey Inspection Photographs

During the field condition survey inspection; inspectors photographed representative distress types observed. Select photographs are provided in Appendix G to provide visual support to special pavement conditions or distresses observed.

9. RECOMMENDATIONS

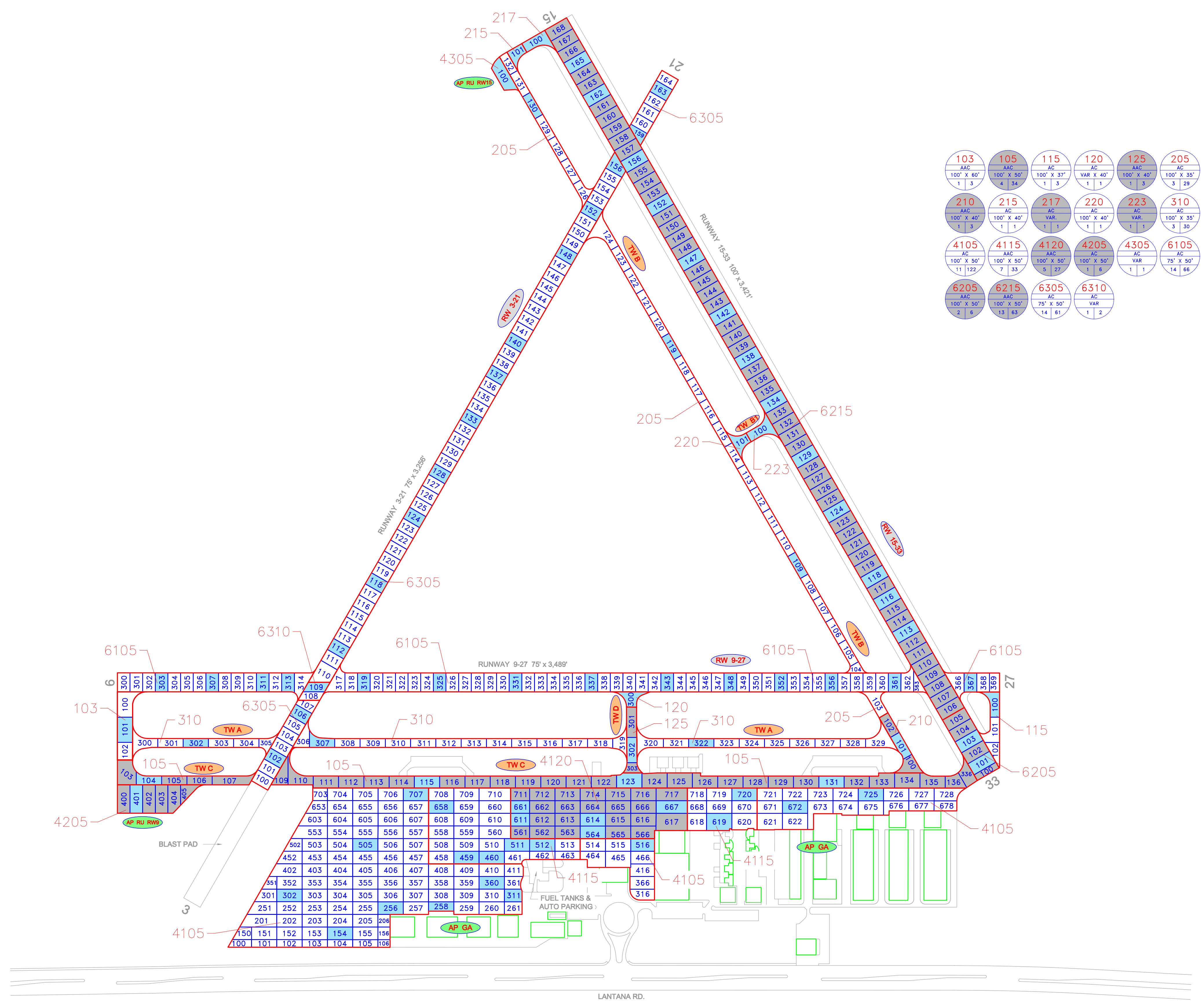
The recommendations developed are intended for the planning level for each airport. Additional project specific investigation in accordance with the FAA Advisory Circulars is recommended to further refine the project scope and budget requirements.

The following recommendations were made based on the 2014 condition survey inspection, condition analysis, and maintenance/rehabilitation analysis results:

- Runway 3-21 – Section 6310.
  - Reconstruction attributed to load, climate, and age of pavement.
- Run-up Apron RW 15 – Section 4305.
  - Mill and Overlay attributed to climate and age of pavement.
- General Aviation Apron – Section 4115
  - Mill and Overlay attributed to climate and age of pavement.
- General Aviation Apron – Section 4105
  - Mill and Overlay attributed to climate and age of pavement.

APPENDIX A

- AIRFIELD PAVEMENT NETWORK DEFINITION EXHIBIT
- AIRFIELD PAVEMENT SYSTEM INVENTORY EXHIBIT
- PAVEMENT GEOMETRY INVENTORY
- WORK HISTORY REPORT



LEGEND

- RW 13-31 — TYPICAL RUNWAY BRANCH ID
- TW A — TYPICAL TAXIWAY BRANCH ID
- AP S — TYPICAL APRON BRANCH ID
- SECTION NUMBER
- PAVEMENT TYPE
- TYPICAL SAMPLE UNIT INFORMATION: FLEXIBLE (AC) PAVEMENT LENGTH & WIDTH; RIGID (PCC) PAVEMENT NO. OF SLABS AND SLAB SIZE
- NUMBER OF SAMPLE UNITS IN SECTION
- NUMBER OF SAMPLE UNITS TO BE INSPECTED
- SECTION NOT INSPECTED DUE TO RECENT CONSTRUCTION. SEE SYSTEM INVENTORY MAP FOR CONSTRUCTION DATES.
- INSPECTED SAMPLE UNITS. GPS COORDINATES ARE AT THE CENTROID OF THE SAMPLE UNIT.

TOTAL SAMPLES INSPECTED = 88

RUNWAY LENGTHS DEPICTED IN THIS DRAWING ARE FOR PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT MATCH PUBLISHED RUNWAY LENGTHS.

NUMBER	DATE	REVISIONS

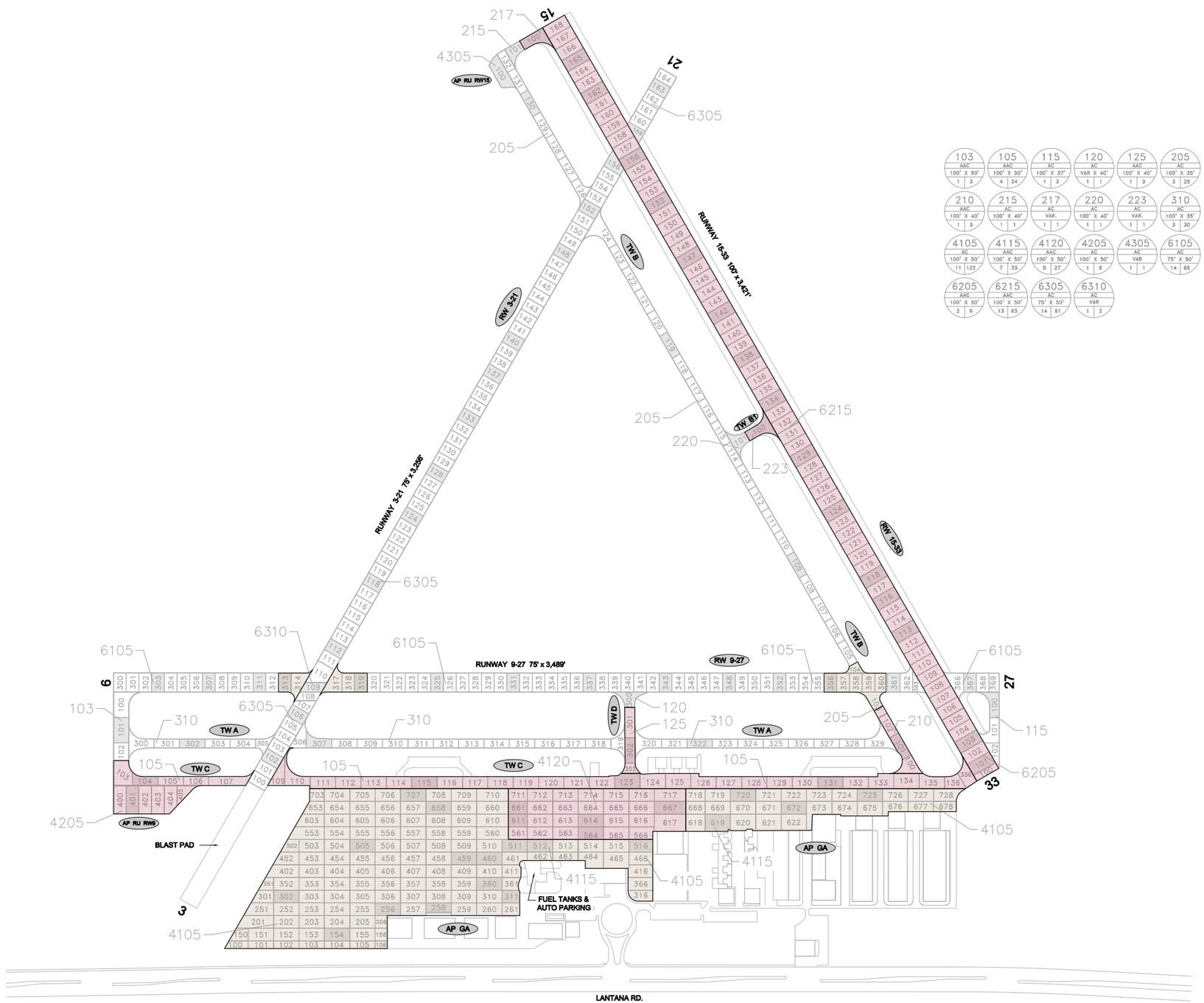
DESIGNED: KHA | DRAWN: KHA | CHECKED: KHA | DATE: 2015

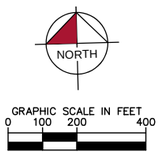
OFFICE OF FREIGHT, LOGISTICS & PASSENGER OPERATIONS

FDOT

AIRFIELD PAVEMENT NETWORK DEFINITION EXHIBIT
PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - AVIATION AND SPACEPORT OFFICE

IDENTIFIER: LNA
FDOT DISTRICT: 4





CONSTRUCTION SINCE LAST INSPECTION & ANTICIPATED CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

CONSTRUCTION YEAR	LOCATION	WORK TYPE / PAVEMENT SECTION
2012	APRON RUN-UP RUNWAY 9	NEW ASPHALT PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION
2012	RUNWAY 15-33	ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2012	TAXIWAY C, PARTIAL TAXIWAY D, TAXIWAY B	ASPHALT PAVEMENT RECONSTRUCTION
2012	TERMINAL RAMP	ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2015	RUNWAY 9-27, RUNWAY 3-21 INTERSECTION	MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2015	TAXIWAY B, RUNWAY 9-27 INTERSECTION	MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION
2015	REHAB. OF APRON AREAS	MISCELLANEOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT REHABILITATION

LEGEND

- PROJECTS YEAR 2010
- PROJECTS YEAR 2011
- PROJECTS YEAR 2012
- PROJECTS YEAR 2013
- PROJECTS YEAR 2014
- PROJECTS YEAR 2015
- PROJECTS YEAR 2016
- PROJECTS YEAR 2017
- PROJECTS YEAR 2018
- PROJECTS YEAR 2019

RUNWAY LENGTHS DEPICTED IN THIS DRAWING ARE FOR PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT MATCH PUBLISHED RUNWAY LENGTHS.

NUMBER	DATE	REVISIONS

DESIGNED: KHA | DRAWN: KHA | CHECKED: KHA | DATE: 2015

OFFICE OF FREIGHT, LOGISTICS & PASSENGER OPERATIONS

FDOT

AIRFIELD PAVEMENT SYSTEM INVENTORY EXHIBIT

PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - AVIATION AND SPACEPORT OFFICE

IDENTIFIER: LNA

FDOT DISTRICT: 4

Table A-1: Pavement Geometry Inventory

Branch Name	Branch ID	Branch Use	Section ID	Length (FT)	Width (FT)	True Area (FT^2)	Section Rank	Surface Type	Last Const. Date	Last Insp. Date	Total Samples
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	RUNWAY	6310	82	75	6,150	P	AC	1/1/1965	9/29/2014	2
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	RUNWAY	6305	3,000	75	228,640	P	AC	1/1/1993	3/29/2014	61
RUNWAY 15-33	RW 15-33	RUNWAY	6215	3,149	100	315,000	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	63
RUNWAY 15-33	RW 15-33	RUNWAY	6205	276	100	27,600	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	6
RUNWAY 9-27	RW 9-27	RUNWAY	6105	3,200	75	248,513	T	AC	6/1/2007	9/29/2014	66
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15	AP RU RW15	APRON	4305	125	50	6,377	P	AC	1/1/1993	9/29/2014	1
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 9	AP RU RW 9	APRON	4205	300	100	30,821	P	AC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	6
GA APRON	AP GA	APRON	4120	900	300	135,640	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	27
GA APRON	AP GA	APRON	4115	900	300	167,010	P	AAC	1/1/1985	9/29/2014	33
GA APRON	AP GA	APRON	4105	2,700	200	577,594	P	AC	1/1/1985	9/29/2014	122
TAXIWAY A	TW A	TAXIWAY	310	2,745	40	110,651	P	AC	6/1/2007	9/29/2014	30
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	TAXIWAY	223	200	40	5,529	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	1
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	TAXIWAY	220	200	40	4,124	P	AC	1/1/1993	9/29/2014	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	TAXIWAY	217	200	40	5,087	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	TAXIWAY	215	200	40	3,442	P	AC	1/1/1993	9/29/2014	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	TAXIWAY	210	3,100	35	11,845	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	3
TAXIWAY B	TW B	TAXIWAY	205	3,100	35	103,940	P	AC	1/1/1993	9/29/2014	29
TAXIWAY D	TW D	TAXIWAY	125	350	35	10,891	P	AAC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	3
TAXIWAY D	TW D	TAXIWAY	120	350	35	3,838	P	AC	1/1/1964	9/29/2014	1
TAXIWAY C	TW C	TAXIWAY	115	250	40	12,354	P	AC	6/1/2007	9/29/2014	3
TAXIWAY C	TW C	TAXIWAY	105	3,400	60	165,138	P	AC	1/1/2012	1/1/2012	34
TAXIWAY C	TW C	TAXIWAY	103	250	60	16,849	P	AAC	1/1/2007	9/29/2014	3

Note: If new construction, then survey date = last construction date and PCI is set to 100 by MicroPAVER.

** Sections not surveyed due to reasons such as re-sectioning, no escort, not accessible at the time of survey. Please refer to Section 3 for discussion on the updates to the ASTM D 5640 that may affect PCI in comparison to previous program update.*

Network: LNA **Branch**: AP GA (GA APRON) **Section:** 4105 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1985 **Use:** APRON **Rank** P **Length:** 2,700.00 Ft **Width:** 200.00 Ft **True Area:**577,594.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1985	IMPORTED	BUILT		2.00	True	1985: 2" P-401 ON 6" P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: AP GA (GA APRON) **Section:** 4115 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1985 **Use:** APRON **Rank** P **Length:** 900.00 Ft **Width:** 300.00 Ft **True Area:**167,010.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1985	IMPORTED	OVERLAY		1.50	True	1985: 1.5" P-401 OVERLAY
01/01/1965	IMPORTED	BUILT		1.50	True	1965: 1.5" P-401 ON 8" P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: AP GA (GA APRON) **Section:** 4120 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** APRON **Rank** P **Length:** 900.00 Ft **Width:** 300.00 Ft **True Area:**135,640.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	ML-OV	MILL and OVERLAY	$0	0.00	True	2012: 1" MILL AND 2" P-401 OVERLAY
01/01/1985	OL-MR	Overlay	$0	0.00	True	1985: 1.5" P-401 OVERLAY
01/01/1965	HI-AG	New Construction	$0	0.00	True	1965: 1.5" P-401 ON 8" P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: AP RU RW 9 (RUN-UP APRON AT RW 9) **Section:** 4205 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** APRON **Rank** P **Length:** 300.00 Ft **Width:** 100.00 Ft **True Area:** 30,821.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	NU-IN	New Construction - Initial	$0	0.00	True	

Network: LNA **Branch**: AP RU RW15 (RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15) **Section:** 4305 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1993 **Use:** APRON **Rank** P **Length:** 125.00 Ft **Width:** 50.00 Ft **True Area:** 6,377.23 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1993	IMPORTED	BUILT		2.00	True	1993: 2 INCH P-401 ON 6 INCH P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: RW 15-33 (RUNWAY 15-33) **Section:** 6205 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** RUNWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 276.00 Ft **Width:** 100.00 Ft **True Area:** 27,600.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	ML-OL	Mill and Overlay	$0	0.00	True	
01/01/1992	IMPORTED	REPAIR			False	1992: P-628 PAVEMENT REJUVENATOR WAS APPLIED OVER ENTIRE RUNWAY
01/01/1975	IMPORTED	OVERLAY			True	1975: FDOT TYPE I ASPHALT
01/01/1964	IMPORTED	BUILT		1.50	True	1964: 1.5" ASPHALT OVERLAY ON EXISTING FLEX. PAVEMENT

Network: LNA **Branch**: RW 15-33 (RUNWAY 15-33) **Section:** 6215 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** RUNWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 3,149.00 Ft **Width:** 100.00 Ft **True Area:**315,000.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	ML-OL	Mill and Overlay	$0	0.00	True	
01/01/1975	IMPORTED	BUILT			True	1975: FDOT TYPE I ASPHALT OVERLAY ON EXISTING FLEX. PAVEMENT - NO HIST

Network: LNA **Branch**: RW 3-21 (RUNWAY 3-21) **Section:** 6305 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1993 **Use:** RUNWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 3,000.00 Ft **Width:** 75.00 Ft **True Area:**228,639.68 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1993	IMPORTED	BUILT		2.00	True	1993: 2" P401 ON 6" P211

Network: LNA **Branch**: RW 3-21 (RUNWAY 3-21) **Section:** 6310 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1965 **Use:** RUNWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 82.00 Ft **Width:** 75.00 Ft **True Area:** 6,150.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1965	INITIAL	Initial Construction	$0	0.00	True	1965: 1.5: ASPHALT SURFACE - LEVEL COURSE AS NECESSARY

Network: LNA **Branch**: RW 9-27 (RUNWAY 9-27) **Section:** 6105 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 06/01/2007 **Use:** RUNWAY **Rank** T **Length:** 3,200.00 Ft **Width:** 75.00 Ft **True Area:** 248,512.70 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
06/01/2007	CR-AC	Complete Reconstruction - AC	$0	0.00	True	
01/01/1965	IMPORTED	OVERLAY			True	EXISTING ASPHALT ON EXISTING SAND-ASPHALT BASE
01/01/1965	IMPORTED	BUILT			True	1965: 1.5: ASPHALT SURFACE - LEVEL COURSE AS NECESSARY

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW A (TAXIWAY A) **Section:** 310 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 06/01/2007 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 2,745.00 Ft **Width:** 40.00 Ft **True Area:** 110,650.65 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
06/01/2007	NC-AC	New Construction - AC	$0	0.00	True	

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW B (TAXIWAY B) **Section:** 205 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1993 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 3,100.00 Ft **Width:** 35.00 Ft **True Area:** 103,940.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1993	IMPORTED	BUILT		2.00	True	1993: 2 INCH P-401 ON 6 INCH P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW B (TAXIWAY B) **Section:** 210 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 3,100.00 Ft **Width:** 35.00 Ft **True Area:** 11,845.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	ML-OV	MILL and OVERLAY	$0	0.00	True	2012: 2" MILL AND 2" P-401 OVERLAY
01/01/1993	NU-IN	New Construction - Initial	$0	0.00	True	1993: 2 INCH P-401 O N 6" P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW B (TAXIWAY B) **Section:** 215 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1993 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 200.00 Ft **Width:** 40.00 Ft **True Area:** 3,442.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1993	IMPORTED	BUILT		2.00	True	1993: 2 INCH P-401 ON 6 INCH P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW B (TAXIWAY B) **Section:** 217 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 200.00 Ft **Width:** 40.00 Ft **True Area:** 5,087.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	ML-OV	MILL and OVERLAY	$0	0.00	True	2012: 1" MILL AND 2" P-401 OVERLAY
01/01/1993	NU-IN	New Construction - Initial	$0	0.00	True	1993: 2" P-401 ON 6" P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW B1 (TAXIWAY B1) **Section:** 220 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1993 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 200.00 Ft **Width:** 40.00 Ft **True Area:** 4,124.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1993	INITIAL	Initial Construction	$0	2.00	True	1993: 2 INCH P-401 ON 6 INCH P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW B1 (TAXIWAY B1) **Section:** 223 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 200.00 Ft **Width:** 40.00 Ft **True Area:** 5,529.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	ML-OV	MILL and OVERLAY	$0	0.00	True	2012: 1" MILL AND 2" P-401 OVERLAY
01/01/1993	NU-IN	New Construction - Initial	$0	0.00	True	1993: 2" P-401 ON 6" P-211

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW C (TAXIWAY C) **Section:** 103 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2007 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 250.00 Ft **Width:** 60.00 Ft **True Area:** 16,849.17 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2007	ML-OL	Mill and Overlay	$0	0.00	True	
01/01/1964	INITIAL	Initial Construction	$0	1.50	True	1964: 1.5" ASPHALT OVERLAY ON EXISTING FLEX. PAVEMENT

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW C (TAXIWAY C) **Section:** 105 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 3,400.00 Ft **Width:** 60.00 Ft **True Area:** 165,138.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	NC-AC	New Construction - AC	$0	0.00	True	2012: 2" P-401, 6" P-211, 4" P-154, 24" P-152 COMPACTED SUBGRADE
01/01/1964	IMPORTED	BUILT		1.50	True	1964: 1.5" ASPHALT OVERLAY ON EXISTING FLEX. PAVEMENT

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW C (TAXIWAY C) **Section:** 115 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 06/01/2007 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 250.00 Ft **Width:** 40.00 Ft **True Area:** 12,353.73 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
06/01/2007	CR-AC	Complete Reconstruction - AC	$0	0.00	True	
01/01/1964	IMPORTED	BUILT		1.50	True	1964: 1.5" ASPHALT OVERLAY ON EXISTING FLEX. PAVEMENT

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW D (TAXIWAY D) **Section:** 120 **Surface:** AC
L.C.D.: 01/01/1964 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 350.00 Ft **Width:** 35.00 Ft **True Area:** 3,838.00 SqF

Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/1964	INITIAL	Initial Construction	$0	1.50	True	1964: 1.5" ASPHALT OVERLAY ON SAND-BITUM. LEVEL COURSE

Network: LNA **Branch**: TW D (TAXIWAY D) **Section:** 125 **Surface:** AAC
L.C.D.: 01/01/2012 **Use:** TAXIWAY **Rank** P **Length:** 350.00 Ft **Width:** 35.00 Ft **True Area:** 10,891.00 SqF

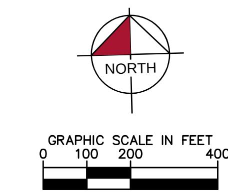
Work Date	Work Code	Work Description	Cost	Thickness (in)	Major M&R	Comments
01/01/2012	ML-OV	MILL and OVERLAY	$0	0.00	True	2012: 2" MILL AND 2" P-401 OVERLAY
01/01/1964	NU-IN	New Construction - Initial	$0	0.00	True	1964: 1.5" ASPHALT OVERLAY ON SAND-BITUM. LEVEL COURSE

Summary:

Work Description	Section Count	Area Total (SqFt)	Thickness Avg (in)	Thickness STD (in)
BUILT	11	1,855,607.34	1.78	.26
Complete Reconstruction - AC	2	260,866.43	.00	.00
Initial Construction	4	30,961.17	1.25	.87
MILL and OVERLAY	8	528,441.17	.00	.00
New Construction	1	135,640.00	.00	
New Construction - AC	2	275,788.65	.00	.00
New Construction - Initial	5	64,173.00	.00	.00
OVERLAY	4	578,762.70	.75	1.06
REPAIR	1	27,600.00		

APPENDIX B

- AIRFIELD PAVEMENT CONDITION INDEX RATING EXHIBIT
- PAVEMENT CONDITION INDEX INVENTORY



RUNWAYS

6105 PCI = 85	6205 PCI = 100	6215 PCI = 100	6305 PCI = 77	6310 PCI = 37

TAXIWAYS

103 PCI = 81	105 PCI = 100	115 PCI = 87	120 PCI = 87	125 PCI = 100
205 PCI = 80	210 PCI = 100	215 PCI = 78	217 PCI = 100	220 PCI = 93
223 PCI = 100	310 PCI = 83			

OTHERS

4105 PCI = 69	4115 PCI = 63	4120 PCI = 100	4205 PCI = 100	4305 PCI = 65

LEGEND

- RW 13-31 — TYPICAL RUNWAY BRANCH ID
- TW A — TYPICAL TAXIWAY BRANCH ID
- AP S — TYPICAL APRON BRANCH ID
- PCI 86–100 GOOD
- PCI 71–85 SATISFACTORY
- PCI 56–70 FAIR
- PCI 41–55 POOR
- PCI 26–40 VERY POOR
- PCI 11–25 SERIOUS
- PCI 0–10 FAILED

"SECTION NO."
"PCI NO."

RUNWAY LENGTHS DEPICTED IN THIS DRAWING ARE FOR PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT MATCH PUBLISHED RUNWAY LENGTHS.

NUMBER	DATE	REVISIONS

DESIGNED: KHA DRAWN: KHA CHECKED: KHA DATE: 2015

OFFICE OF FREIGHT, LOGISTICS & PASSENGER OPERATIONS

FDOT

AIRFIELD PAVEMENT CONDITION INDEX RATING EXHIBIT

PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - AVIATION AND SPACEPORT OFFICE

IDENTIFIER LNA
FDOT DISTRICT 4

Table B-1: Pavement Condition Index Inventory

Branch Name	Branch ID	Branch Use	Section ID	True Area (FT^2)	Section Rank	Surface Type	PCI	PCI Category	Total Inspection Samples	Total Samples
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	RUNWAY	6310	6,150	P	AC	37	Very Poor	1	2
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	RUNWAY	6305	228,640	P	AC	77	Satisfactory	14	61
RUNWAY 15-33	RW 15-33	RUNWAY	6215	315,000	P	AAC	100	Good	13	63
RUNWAY 15-33	RW 15-33	RUNWAY	6205	27,600	P	AAC	100	Good	2	6
RUNWAY 9-27	RW 9-27	RUNWAY	6105	248,513	T	AC	85	Satisfactory	14	66
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15	AP RU RW15	APRON	4305	6,377	P	AC	65	Fair	1	1
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 9	AP RU RW 9	APRON	4205	30,821	P	AC	100	Good	1	6
GA APRON	AP GA	APRON	4120	135,640	P	AAC	100	Good	5	27
GA APRON	AP GA	APRON	4115	167,010	P	AAC	63	Fair	7	33
GA APRON	AP GA	APRON	4105	577,594	P	AC	69	Fair	11	122
TAXIWAY A	TW A	TAXIWAY	310	110,651	P	AC	83	Satisfactory	3	30
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	TAXIWAY	223	5,529	P	AAC	100	Good	1	1
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	TAXIWAY	220	4,124	P	AC	93	Good	1	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	TAXIWAY	217	5,087	P	AAC	100	Good	1	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	TAXIWAY	215	3,442	P	AC	78	Satisfactory	1	1
TAXIWAY B	TW B	TAXIWAY	210	11,845	P	AAC	100	Good	1	3
TAXIWAY B	TW B	TAXIWAY	205	103,940	P	AC	80	Satisfactory	3	29
TAXIWAY D	TW D	TAXIWAY	125	10,891	P	AAC	100	Good	1	3
TAXIWAY D	TW D	TAXIWAY	120	3,838	P	AC	87	Good	1	1
TAXIWAY C	TW C	TAXIWAY	115	12,354	P	AC	87	Good	1	3
TAXIWAY C	TW C	TAXIWAY	105	165,138	P	AC	100	Good	4	34
TAXIWAY C	TW C	TAXIWAY	103	16,849	P	AAC	81	Satisfactory	1	3

Note: If new construction, then survey date = last construction date and PCI is set to 100 by MicroPAVER.

** Sections not surveyed due to reasons such as re-sectioning, no escort, not accessible at the time of survey. Please refer to Section 3 for discussion on the updates to the ASTM D 5640 that may affect PCI in comparison to previous program update.*

APPENDIX C

- BRANCH CONDITION REPORT
- SECTION CONDITION REPORT

Date: 4 /21/2015

Branch Condition Report

Pavement Database: FDOT NetworkID: LNA

Branch ID	Number of Sections	Sum Section Length (Ft)	Avg Section Width (Ft)	True Area (SqFt)	Use	Average PCI	PCI Standard Deviation	Weighted Average PCI
AP GA (GA APRON)	3	4,500.00	266.67	880,244.00	APRON	77.33	16.21	72.64
AP RU RW 9 (RUN-UP APRON AT RW 9)	1	300.00	100.00	30,821.00	APRON	100.00	0.00	100.00
AP RU RW15 (RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15)	1	125.00	50.00	6,377.23	APRON	65.00	0.00	65.00
RW 15-33 (RUNWAY 15-33)	2	3,425.00	100.00	342,600.00	RUNWAY	100.00	0.00	100.00
RW 3-21 (RUNWAY 3-21)	2	3,082.00	75.00	234,789.68	RUNWAY	57.00	20.00	75.95
RW 9-27 (RUNWAY 9-27)	1	3,200.00	75.00	248,512.70	RUNWAY	85.00	0.00	85.00
TW A (TAXIWAY A)	1	2,745.00	40.00	110,650.65	TAXIWAY	83.00	0.00	83.00
TW B (TAXIWAY B)	4	6,600.00	37.50	124,314.00	TAXIWAY	89.50	10.52	82.67
TW B1 (TAXIWAY B1)	2	400.00	40.00	9,653.00	TAXIWAY	96.50	3.50	97.01
TW C (TAXIWAY C)	3	3,900.00	53.33	194,340.90	TAXIWAY	89.33	7.93	97.53
TW D (TAXIWAY D)	2	700.00	35.00	14,729.00	TAXIWAY	93.50	6.50	96.61

Use Category	Number of Sections	Total Area (SqFt)	Arithmetic Average PCI	Average PCI STD.	Weighted Average PCI
APRON	5	917,442.23	79.40	16.93	73.50
RUNWAY	5	825,902.38	79.80	23.16	88.65
TAXIWAY	12	453,687.55	90.75	8.63	89.87
All	22	2,197,032.16	85.68	16.08	82.58

Date: 4 /21/2015

Section Condition Report

Pavement Database: FDOT NetworkID: LNA

Branch ID	Section ID	Last Const. Date	Surface	Use	Rank	Lanes	True Area (SqFt)	Last Inspection Date	Age At Inspection	PCI
AP GA (GA APRON)	4105	01/01/1985	AC	APRON	P	0	577,594.00	09/29/2014	29	69.00
AP GA (GA APRON)	4115	01/01/1985	AAC	APRON	P	0	167,010.00	09/29/2014	29	63.00
AP GA (GA APRON)	4120	01/01/2012	AAC	APRON	P	0	135,640.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00
AP RU RW 9 (RUN-UP APRON AT RW 9)	4205	01/01/2012	AC	APRON	P	0	30,821.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00
AP RU RW15 (RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15)	4305	01/01/1993	AC	APRON	P	0	6,377.23	09/29/2014	21	65.00
RW 15-33 (RUNWAY 15-33)	6205	01/01/2012	AAC	RUNWAY	P	0	27,600.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00
RW 15-33 (RUNWAY 15-33)	6215	01/01/2012	AAC	RUNWAY	P	0	315,000.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00
RW 3-21 (RUNWAY 3-21)	6305	01/01/1993	AC	RUNWAY	P	0	228,639.68	03/29/2014	21	77.00
RW 3-21 (RUNWAY 3-21)	6310	01/01/1965	AC	RUNWAY	P	0	6,150.00	09/29/2014	49	37.00
RW 9-27 (RUNWAY 9-27)	6105	06/01/2007	AC	RUNWAY	T	0	248,512.70	09/29/2014	7	85.00
TW A (TAXIWAY A)	310	06/01/2007	AC	TAXIWAY	P	0	110,650.65	09/29/2014	7	83.00
TW B (TAXIWAY B)	205	01/01/1993	AC	TAXIWAY	P	0	103,940.00	09/29/2014	21	80.00
TW B (TAXIWAY B)	210	01/01/2012	AAC	TAXIWAY	P	0	11,845.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00
TW B (TAXIWAY B)	215	01/01/1993	AC	TAXIWAY	P	0	3,442.00	09/29/2014	21	78.00
TW B (TAXIWAY B)	217	01/01/2012	AAC	TAXIWAY	P	0	5,087.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00
TW B1 (TAXIWAY B1)	220	01/01/1993	AC	TAXIWAY	P	0	4,124.00	09/29/2014	21	93.00
TW B1 (TAXIWAY B1)	223	01/01/2012	AAC	TAXIWAY	P	0	5,529.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00
TW C (TAXIWAY C)	103	01/01/2007	AAC	TAXIWAY	P	0	16,849.17	09/29/2014	7	81.00
TW C (TAXIWAY C)	105	01/01/2012	AC	TAXIWAY	P	0	165,138.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00
TW C (TAXIWAY C)	115	06/01/2007	AC	TAXIWAY	P	0	12,353.73	09/29/2014	7	87.00
TW D (TAXIWAY D)	120	01/01/1964	AC	TAXIWAY	P	0	3,838.00	09/29/2014	50	87.00
TW D (TAXIWAY D)	125	01/01/2012	AAC	TAXIWAY	P	0	10,891.00	01/01/2012	0	100.00

Section Condition Report

Pavement Database: FDOT

Age Category	Average Age At Inspection	Total Area (SqFt)	Number of Sections	Arithmetic Average PCI	PCI Standard Deviation	Weighted Average PCI
0-02	**0.00**	**707,551.00**	**9**	**100.00**	**0.00**	**100.00**
06-10	**7.00**	**388,366.25**	**4**	**84.00**	**2.58**	**84.32**
21-25	**21.00**	**346,522.91**	**5**	**78.60**	**9.96**	**77.88**
26-30	**29.00**	**744,604.00**	**2**	**66.00**	**4.24**	**67.65**
over 40	**49.50**	**9,988.00**	**2**	**62.00**	**35.36**	**56.21**
All	**13.18**	**2,197,032.16**	**22**	**85.68**	**16.46**	**82.58**

APPENDIX D

- PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE PREDICTION
- PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE BY PAVEMENT USE

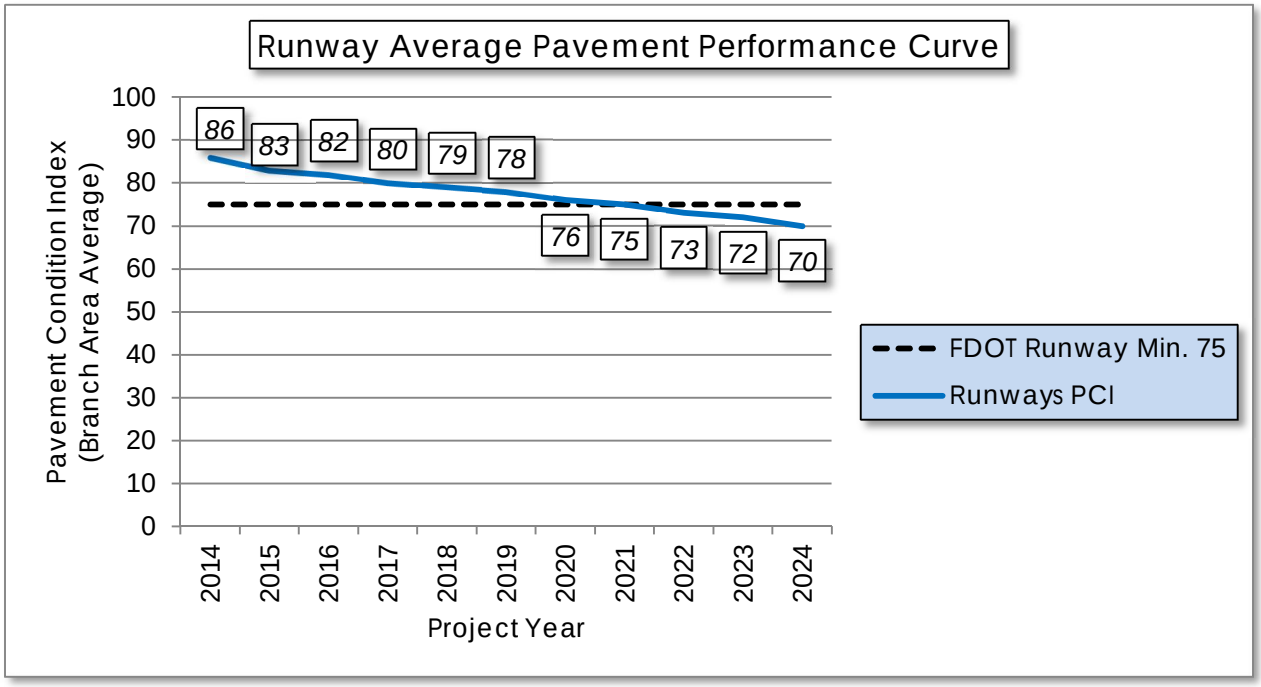
Table D-1: Pavement Performance Prediction

Branch ID	Section ID	Current PCI	Pavement Performance Model - PCI									
			2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
AP GA	4105	69	68	66	64	62	60	58	56	54	52	50
AP GA	4115	63	62	59	57	55	53	51	49	46	44	42
AP GA	4120	100	93	90	88	86	84	82	80	77	75	73
AP RU RW 9	4205	100	93	92	90	88	86	84	82	80	78	76
AP RU RW15	4305	65	64	62	60	58	56	54	52	50	48	46
RW 15-33	6205	100	93	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	75
RW 15-33	6215	100	93	91	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	75
RW 3-21	6305	77	76	74	73	72	71	69	68	67	66	65
RW 3-21	6310	37	36	35	34	32	31	30	29	28	26	25
RW 9-27	6105	85	84	83	82	80	79	78	77	76	74	73
TW A	310	83	82	81	79	78	77	75	74	72	71	70
TW B	205	80	79	78	76	75	74	72	71	69	68	67
TW B	210	100	94	92	90	88	86	85	83	81	79	77
TW B	215	78	77	76	74	73	72	70	69	67	66	65
TW B	217	100	94	92	90	88	86	85	83	81	79	77
TW B1	220	93	92	91	89	88	87	85	84	82	81	80
TW B1	223	100	94	92	90	88	86	85	83	81	79	77
TW C	103	81	80	78	76	74	72	71	69	67	65	63
TW C	105	100	95	94	93	91	90	88	87	86	84	83
TW C	115	87	86	85	83	82	81	79	78	76	75	74
TW D	120	87	86	85	83	82	81	79	78	76	75	74
TW D	125	100	94	92	90	88	86	85	83	81	79	77

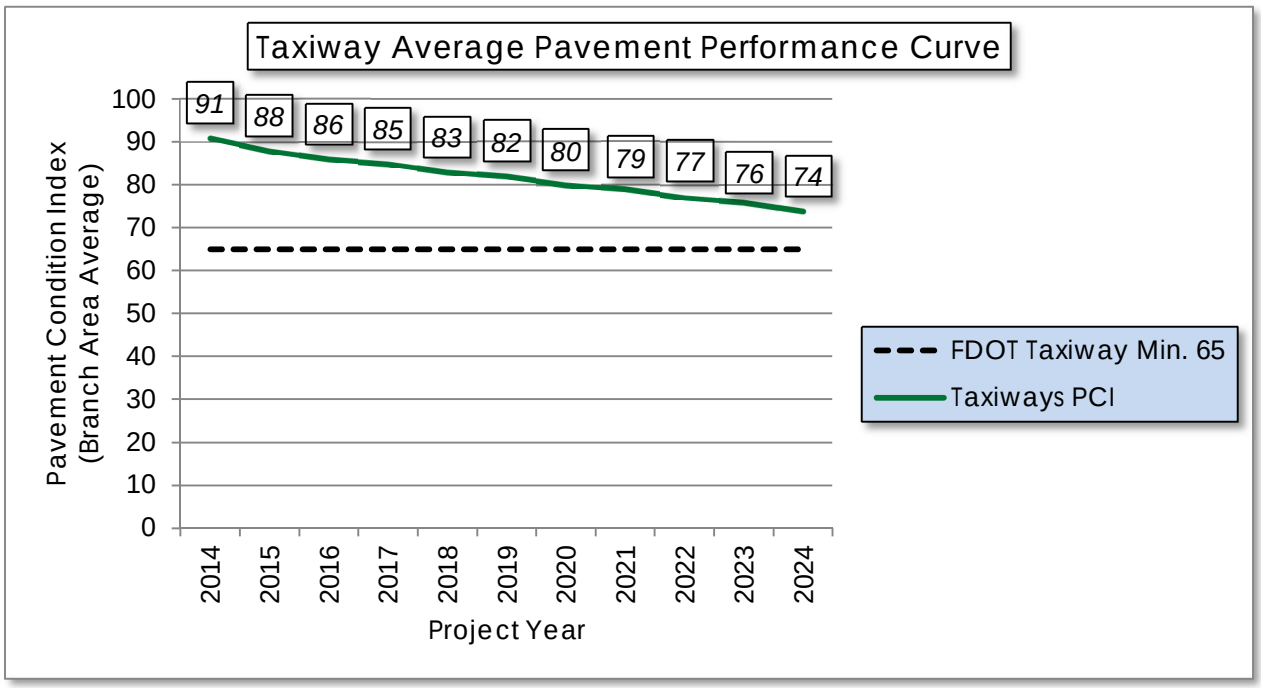
Note: If new construction, then survey date = last construction date and PCI is set to 100 by MicroPAVER.
** Sections not surveyed due to reasons such as re-sectioning, no escort, not accessible at the time of survey. Please refer to Section 3 for discussion on the updates to the ASTM D 5640 that may affect PCI in comparison to previous program update.*

Figure D-1: Pavement Performance by Pavement Use

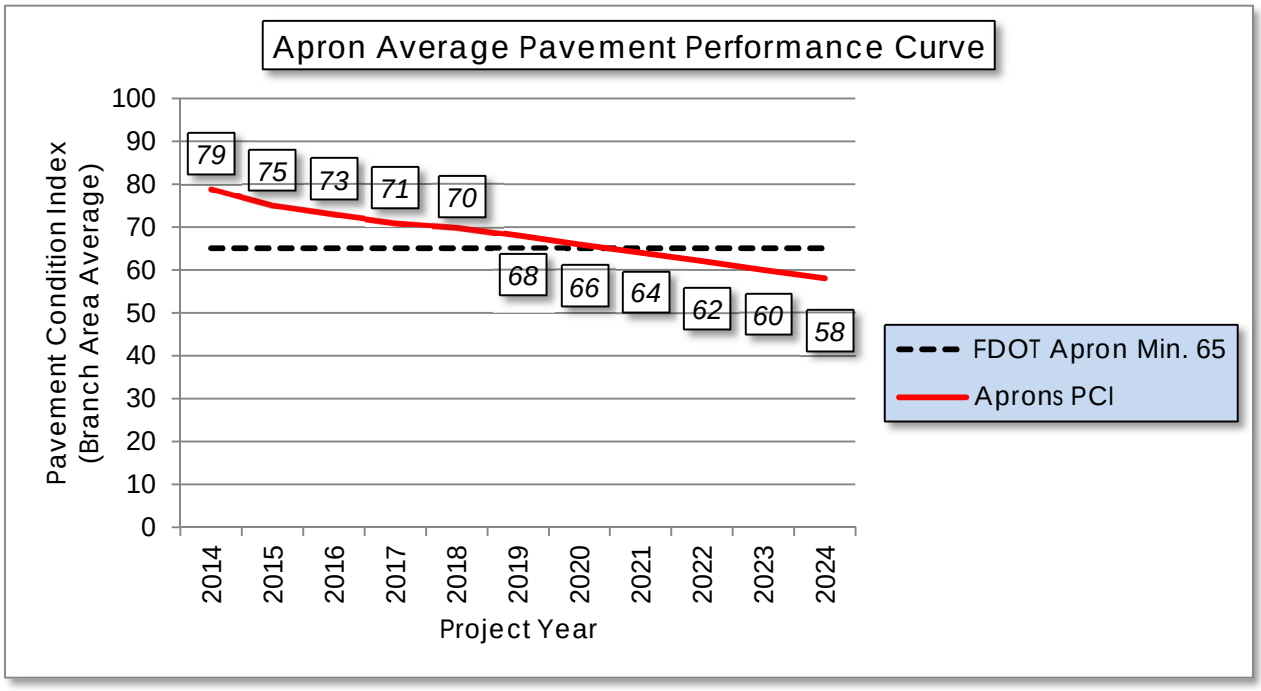
(a) Runway



(b) Taxiway



(c) Apron


Apron Average Pavement Performance Curve
Pavement Condition Index (Branch Area Average)
100
90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
0
79
75
73
71
70
68
66
64
62
60
58
2014
2015
2016
2017
2018
2019
2020
2021
2022
2023
2024
Project Year
FDOT Apron Min. 65
Aprons PCI

APPENDIX E

- YEAR-1 PREVENTATIVE ACTIVITIES

Table E-1: Year-1 Preventative Activities

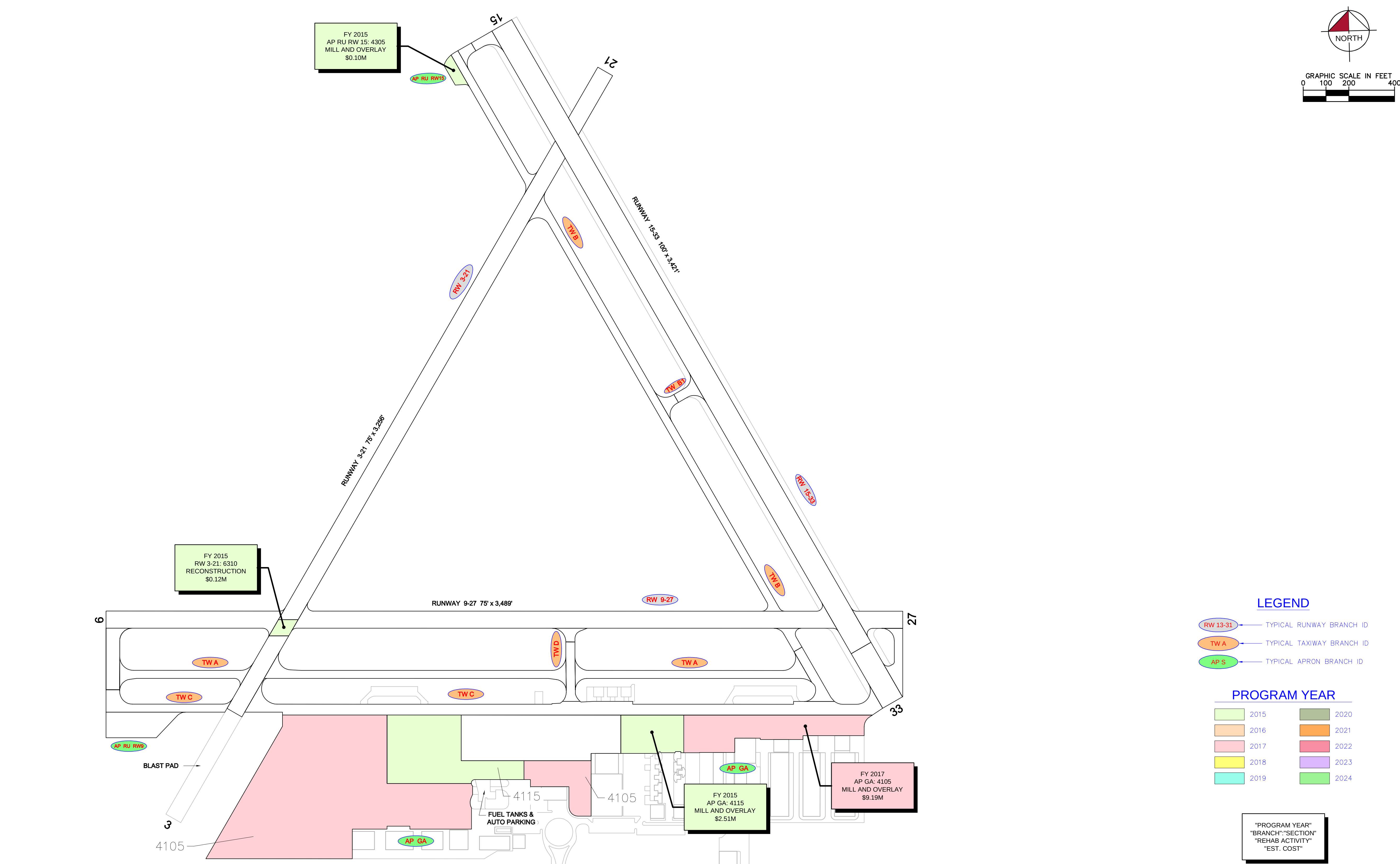
Branch Name	Branch ID	Section ID	Distress Description	Distress Severity	Work Description	Work Quantity	Work Unit	Unit Cost	Work Cost
GA APRON	AP GA	4105	DEPRESSION	L	Patching - AC Full Depth	349.40	SqFt	$5.00	$ 1,747.13
GA APRON	AP GA	4105	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	23,899.00	Ft	$2.75	$ 65,722.13
GA APRON	AP GA	4105	OIL SPILLAGE	N	Surface Seal	787.90	SqFt	$0.55	$ 433.34
GA APRON	AP GA	4105	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	482,944.20	SqFt	$0.55	$ 265,621.54
GA APRON	AP GA	4105	SHOVING	L	Grinding (Localized)	91.20	Ft	$2.10	$ 191.57
GA APRON	AP GA	4115	BLOCK CR	M	Patching - AC Full Depth	2,545.30	SqFt	$5.00	$ 12,726.66
GA APRON	AP GA	4115	BLOCK CR	L	Surface Seal	9,090.50	SqFt	$0.55	$ 4,999.80
GA APRON	AP GA	4115	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	7,140.60	Ft	$2.75	$ 19,636.52
GA APRON	AP GA	4115	OIL SPILLAGE	N	Surface Seal	917.80	SqFt	$0.55	$ 504.79
GA APRON	AP GA	4115	RAVELING	M	Surface Seal	36.40	SqFt	$0.55	$ 20.00
GA APRON	AP GA	4115	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	145,647.40	SqFt	$0.55	$ 80,106.74
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15	AP RU RW15	4305	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	22.00	Ft	$2.75	$ 60.50
RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15	AP RU RW15	4305	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	6,251.20	SqFt	$0.55	$ 3,438.20
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	6305	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	7,889.00	Ft	$2.75	$ 21,694.78
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	6305	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	35,767.90	SqFt	$0.55	$ 19,672.50

Branch Name	Branch ID	Section ID	Distress Description	Distress Severity	Work Description	Work Quantity	Work Unit	Unit Cost	Work Cost
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	6310	BLOCK CR	L	Surface Seal	3,075.00	SqFt	$0.55	$ 1,691.26
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	6310	BLOCK CR	M	Patching - AC Full Depth	3,075.00	SqFt	$5.00	$ 15,375.01
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	6310	DEPRESSION	L	Patching - AC Full Depth	196.20	SqFt	$5.00	$ 980.93
RUNWAY 3-21	RW 3-21	6310	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	6,150.00	SqFt	$0.55	$ 3,382.53
RUNWAY 9-27	RW 9-27	6105	DEPRESSION	L	Patching - AC Full Depth	204.90	SqFt	$5.00	$ 1,024.72
RUNWAY 9-27	RW 9-27	6105	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	1,235.00	Ft	$2.75	$ 3,396.23
RUNWAY 9-27	RW 9-27	6105	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	13,277.40	SqFt	$0.55	$ 7,302.61
TAXIWAY ALPHA	TW A	310	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	477.80	Ft	$2.75	$ 1,314.07
TAXIWAY ALPHA	TW A	310	RAVELING	H	Patching - AC Partial Depth	109.50	SqFt	$3.00	$ 328.52
TAXIWAY ALPHA	TW A	310	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	11,677.30	SqFt	$0.55	$ 6,422.57
TAXIWAY BRAVO	TW B	205	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	1,049.30	Ft	$2.75	$ 2,885.57
TAXIWAY BRAVO	TW B	205	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	11,888.80	SqFt	$0.55	$ 6,538.87
TAXIWAY BRAVO	TW B	215	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	9.00	Ft	$2.75	$ 24.75
TAXIWAY BRAVO	TW B	215	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	688.00	SqFt	$0.55	$ 378.40
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	220	DEPRESSION	L	Patching - AC Full Depth	36.10	SqFt	$5.00	$ 180.50
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	220	RAVELING	M	Surface Seal	1.00	SqFt	$0.55	$ 0.55

Branch Name	Branch ID	Section ID	Distress Description	Distress Severity	Work Description	Work Quantity	Work Unit	Unit Cost	Work Cost
TAXIWAY B1	TW B1	220	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	5.00	SqFt	$0.55	$ 2.75
TAXIWAY CHARLIE	TW C	103	L & T CR	L	Crack Sealing - AC	61.80	Ft	$2.75	$ 169.90
TAXIWAY CHARLIE	TW C	103	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	1,684.90	SqFt	$0.55	$ 926.71
TAXIWAY CHARLIE	TW C	115	DEPRESSION	L	Patching - AC Full Depth	80.30	SqFt	$5.00	$ 401.30
TAXIWAY CHARLIE	TW C	115	RAVELING	L	Surface Seal	284.10	SqFt	$0.55	$ 156.23
TAXIWAY DELTA	TW D	120	DEPRESSION	L	Patching - AC Full Depth	82.50	SqFt	$5.00	$ 412.30
								Total =	$ 549,872.48

APPENDIX F

- AIRFIELD PAVEMENT 10-YEAR MAJOR REHABILITATION EXHIBIT
- AIRFIELD PAVEMENT 10-YEAR MAJOR REHABILITATION TABLE



RUNWAY LENGTHS DEPICTED IN THIS DRAWING ARE FOR PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY NOT MATCH PUBLISHED RUNWAY LENGTHS.

NUMBER	DATE	REVISIONS

DESIGNED:	KHA	DRAWN:	KHA	CHECKED:	KHA	DATE:	2015

OFFICE OF FREIGHT, LOGISTICS & PASSENGER OPERATIONS

FDOT

AIRFIELD PAVEMENT 10-YEAR MAJOR REHABILITATION EXHIBIT

PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - AVIATION AND SPACEPORT OFFICE

IDENTIFIER: LNA

FDOT DISTRICT: 4

Table F-1: Airfield Pavement 10-Year Major Rehabilitation Table

Year	Branch ID	Section ID	Major M&R Costs*	PCI Before M&R	M&R Activity	PCI After M&R
2015	AP GA	4115	$ 2,505,151.00	62	Mill and Overlay	100
2015	AP RU RW15	4305	$ 95,658.00	64	Mill and Overlay	100
2015	RW 3-21	6310	$ 123,000.00	36	Reconstruction	100
2017	AP GA	4105	$ 9,191,544.00	64	Mill and Overlay	100
		Total =	$11,915,353.00			

** Costs are adjusted for inflation AT 3%*

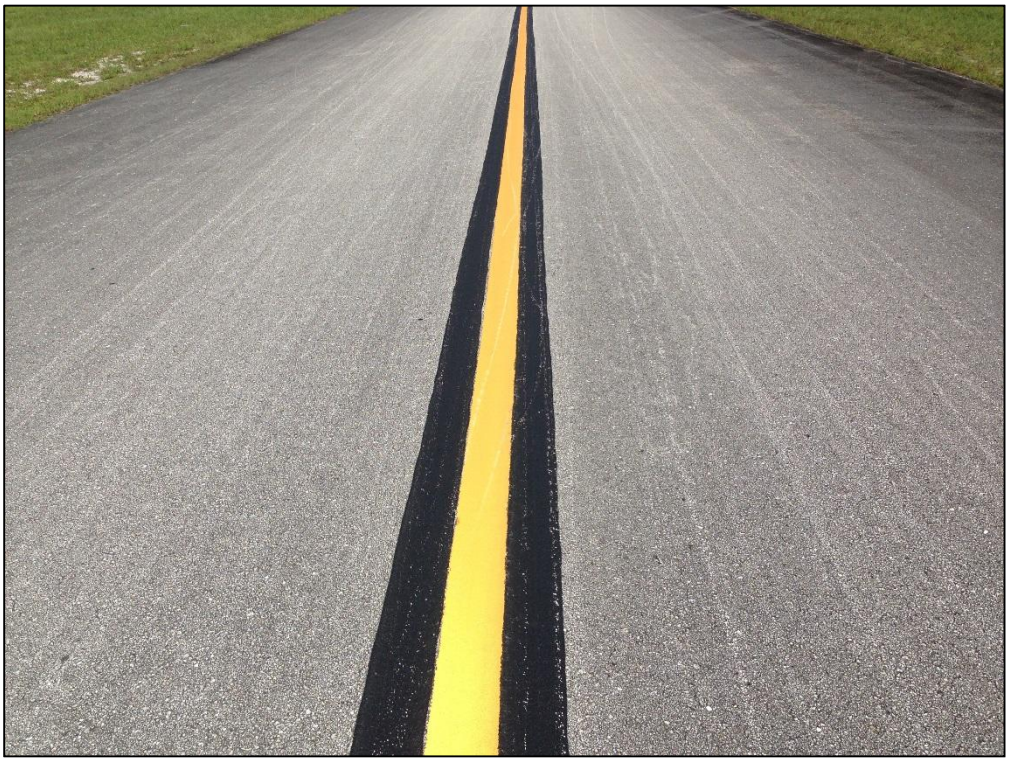
APPENDIX G

- PHOTOGRAPHS

Runway 3-21, Section 6305, Sample Unit 163 – Low Severity (48) Longitudinal and Transverse Cracking, Low Severity (52) Raveling

Runway 3-21, Section 6305, Sample Unit 152 – Low Severity (48) Longitudinal and Transverse Cracking, Low Severity (52) Raveling, Low Severity (57) Weathering

Runway 3-21, Section 6310, Sample Unit 109 – Low Severity (43) Block Cracking, Medium Severity (43) Block Cracking, Low Severity (52) Raveling



Taxiway B, Section 205, Sample Unit 109 – Low Severity (48) Longitudinal and Transverse Cracking, Low Severity (52) Raveling, Low Severity (57) Weathering

Taxiway A, Section 310, Sample Unit 302 – Low Severity (52) Raveling, Low Severity (57) Weathering

Apron GA, Section 4115, Sample Unit 720 – Low Severity (43) Block Cracking, Low Severity (48) Longitudinal and Transverse Cracking, Low Severity (52) Raveling

Apron GA, Section 4105, Sample Unit 516 – Low Severity (48) Longitudinal and Transverse Cracking, Low Severity (52) Raveling, Low Severity (57) Weathering

Apron GA, Section 4115, Sample Unit 512 – Low Severity (48) Longitudinal and Transverse Cracking, (49) Oil Spillage, Low Severity (52) Raveling

APPENDIX H

- DISTRESS DATA – RE-INSPECTION REPORT

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: AP GA Name: GA APRON Use: APRON Area: 880,244.00SqFt

Section: 4105 of 3 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1985
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-AP-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 577,594.00SqFt Length: 2,700.00Ft Width: 200.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 122 Surveyed: 11
Conditions: PCI : 69
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 154 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 65
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	621.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 256 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 67
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	45.00 Ft	Comments:
49	OIL SPILLAGE	N	9.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 258 Type: R Area: 3,700.00SqFt PCI = 59
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	72.00 Ft	Comments:
54	SHOVING	L	21.00 SqFt	Comments:
49	OIL SPILLAGE	N	27.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	3,700.00 SqFt	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	10.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 302 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	228.00 Ft	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	90.00 SqFt	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	40.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 311 Type: R Area: 3,489.00SqFt PCI = 86
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	49.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	50.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,439.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 360 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 84
Sample Comments:

45	DEPRESSION	L	25.00 SqFt	Comments:
48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	7.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	100.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	4,900.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 505 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 66
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	338.00 Ft	Comments:
49	OIL SPILLAGE	N	25.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Sample Number: 516 Type: R Area: 4,700.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

50 PATCHING	L	164.00 SqFt	Comments:	
48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	218.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	L	4,536.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Sample Number: 672 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 69
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	89.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Sample Number: 707 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 69
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	215.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Sample Number: 725 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 69
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	265.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: AP GA Name: GA APRON Use: APRON Area: 880,244.00SqFt

Section: 4115 of 3 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1985
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-AP-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 167,010.00SqFt Length: 900.00Ft Width: 300.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 33 Surveyed: 7
Conditions: PCI : 63
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 459 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 68
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	246.00 Ft	Comments:
49	OIL SPILLAGE	N	16.00 SqFt	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	300.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	M	8.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	300.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 460 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	302.00 Ft	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	250.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 511 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

49	OIL SPILLAGE	N	10.00 SqFt	Comments:
48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	193.00 Ft	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	20.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 512 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 61
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	333.00 Ft	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	40.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:
49	OIL SPILLAGE	N	150.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 619 Type: R Area: 6,744.00SqFt PCI = 58
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	353.00 Ft	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	600.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	6,744.00 SqFt	Comments:
43	BLOCK CRACKING	M	560.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 658 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 69
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	113.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 720 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 62
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	31.00 Ft	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT

Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

43 BLOCK CRACKING	L	2,000.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: AP GA Name: GA APRON Use: APRON Area: 880,244.00SqFt

Section: 4120 of 3 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-AP-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 135,640.00SqFt Length: 900.00Ft Width: 300.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: Total Samples: 0 Surveyed: 0
Conditions:

Sample Number: Type: Area: 0.00
<NO VALID INSPECTIONS>

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: AP RU RW 9 Name: RUN-UP APRON AT RW 9 Use: APRON Area: 30,821.00SqFt

Section: 4205 of 1 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-AP-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 30,821.00SqFt Length: 300.00Ft Width: 100.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: Total Samples: 0 Surveyed: 0
Conditions:

Sample Number: Type: Area: 0.00
<NO VALID INSPECTIONS>

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: AP RU RW15 Name: RUN-UP APRON AT RW 15 Use: APRON Area: 6,377.23SqFt

Section: 4305 of 1 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1993
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-AP-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 6,377.23SqFt Length: 125.00Ft Width: 50.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 1 Surveyed: 1
Conditions: PCI : 65
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 100 Type: R Area: 6,377.00SqFt PCI = 65
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	22.00 Ft	Comments:
50 PATCHING	L	90.00 SqFt	Comments:
50 PATCHING	L	36.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	6,251.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: RW 15-33 Name: RUNWAY 15-33 Use: RUNWAY Area: 342,600.00SqFt

Section: 6205 of 2 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-RW-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 27,600.00SqFt Length: 276.00Ft Width: 100.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

NOTE: * Pre-Construction PCI *****

Last Insp. Date: 10/10/2007 Total Samples: 8 Surveyed: 2
Conditions: PCI : 55
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 101 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 52
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	L	207.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	4,400.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 L & T CR	M	232.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	M	600.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 104 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 58
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	L	171.00 Ft	Comments:
50 PATCHING	L	3.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	4,999.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	M	1.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 L & T CR	M	50.00 Ft	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: RW 15-33 Name: RUNWAY 15-33 Use: RUNWAY Area: 342,600.00SqFt

Section: 6215 of 2 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-RW-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 315,000.00SqFt Length: 3,149.00Ft Width: 100.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

NOTE: * Pre-Construction PCI *****

Last Insp. Date: 10/10/2007 Total Samples: 79 Surveyed: 12
Conditions: PCI : 60
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 113 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	M	106.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 L & T CR	L	272.00 Ft	Comments:

Sample Number: 119 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	M	125.00 Ft	Comments:
48 L & T CR	L	206.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 125 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 62
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 L & T CR	M	202.00 Ft	Comments:
48 L & T CR	L	221.00 Ft	Comments:

Sample Number: 130 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 59
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	L	346.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	H	2.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 L & T CR	M	81.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	4,998.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 135 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	L	270.00 Ft	Comments:
48 L & T CR	M	89.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 139 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	L	143.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 L & T CR	M	50.00 Ft	Comments:

Sample Number: 143 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 59
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	M	18.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 L & T CR	M	164.00 Ft	Comments:
48 L & T CR	L	220.00 Ft	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

52 RAVELING	L	4,982.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Sample Number: 148 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 57
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	M	175.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	L	4,800.00 SqFt	Comments:	
48 L & T CR	L	317.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	M	200.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Sample Number: 153 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 62
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	L	120.00 Ft	Comments:	
48 L & T CR	M	247.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Sample Number: 157 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 54
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	L	176.00 Ft	Comments:	
50 PATCHING	L	155.00 SqFt	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	L	4,745.00 SqFt	Comments:	
48 L & T CR	M	150.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	M	100.00 SqFt	Comments:	

Sample Number: 163 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 64
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:	
48 L & T CR	M	45.00 Ft	Comments:	
48 L & T CR	L	290.00 Ft	Comments:	

Sample Number: 166 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 51
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	M	1,010.00 SqFt	Comments:	
48 L & T CR	M	217.00 Ft	Comments:	
52 RAVELING	L	3,090.00 SqFt	Comments:	
48 L & T CR	L	336.00 Ft	Comments:	

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: RW 3-21 Name: RUNWAY 3-21 Use: RUNWAY Area: 234,789.68SqFt

Section: 6305 of 2 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1993
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-RW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 228,639.68SqFt Length: 3,000.00Ft Width: 75.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 03/29/2014 Total Samples: 61 Surveyed: 14
Conditions: PCI : 77
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 102 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 72
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	243.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	63.00	SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	210.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,477.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 106 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 76
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	180.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	300.00	SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	33.00	SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	31.00	SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	140.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,246.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 112 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 74
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	39.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	90.00	SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	1,000.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	2,660.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 118 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 76
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	129.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	775.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	2,975.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 124 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 83
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	81.00	Ft	Comments:
56 SWELLING	L	7.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,700.00	SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	50.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 128 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 84
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	95.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	25.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,725.00	SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Sample Number: 133 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 85
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	66.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	25.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	24.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,701.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 137 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 79
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	144.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	50.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	8.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,692.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 140 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 80
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	140.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	47.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,703.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 148 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 80
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	125.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	50.00 SqFt	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	15.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,685.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 152 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 72
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	103.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	988.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	2,751.00 SqFt	Comments:
50	PATCHING	L	10.50 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 156 Type: R Area: 3,862.00SqFt PCI = 74
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	288.00 Ft	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	7.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,088.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 159 Type: A Area: 2,477.00SqFt PCI = 68
Sample Comments:

52	RAVELING	L	248.00 SqFt	Comments:
48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	150.00 Ft	Comments:
56	SWELLING	L	76.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	2,229.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 163 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 69
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	39.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	3,750.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: RW 3-21 Name: RUNWAY 3-21 Use: RUNWAY Area: 234,789.68SqFt

Section: 6310 of 2 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1965
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-RW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 6,150.00SqFt Length: 82.00Ft Width: 75.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 2 Surveyed: 1
Conditions: PCI : 37
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 109 Type: R Area: 3,248.00SqFt PCI = 37
Sample Comments:

43 BLOCK CRACKING	M	1,624.00 SqFt	Comments:
43 BLOCK CRACKING	L	1,624.00 SqFt	Comments:
45 DEPRESSION	L	21.00 SqFt	Comments:
45 DEPRESSION	L	15.00 SqFt	Comments:
45 DEPRESSION	L	40.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	3,248.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: RW 9-27 Name: RUNWAY 9-27 Use: RUNWAY Area: 248,512.70SqFt

Section: 6105 of 1 From: - To: - Last Const.: 06/01/2007
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-RW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: T
Area: 248,512.70SqFt Length: 3,200.00Ft Width: 75.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 66 Surveyed: 14
Conditions: PCI : 85
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 303 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 86
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	70.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	25.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,725.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 307 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 86
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	18.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	63.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,687.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 311 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 88
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	4.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	50.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,700.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 313 Type: R Area: 3,766.00SqFt PCI = 76
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	28.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	860.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	2,906.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 319 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 76
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	92.00	Ft	Comments:
45 DEPRESSION	L	32.00	SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	250.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,500.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 325 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 90
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	7.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	8.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,742.00	SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 331 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 87
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	4.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	150.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,600.00	SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Sample Number: 337 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 86
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	8.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	150.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,600.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 343 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 87
Sample Comments:

52	RAVELING	L	250.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,500.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 348 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 87
Sample Comments:

52	RAVELING	L	250.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,500.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 352 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 83
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	12.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	250.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,500.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 356 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 94
Sample Comments:

57	WEATHERING	L	250.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,500.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 361 Type: R Area: 3,750.00SqFt PCI = 83
Sample Comments:

52	RAVELING	L	250.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,500.00 SqFt	Comments:
48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	13.00 Ft	Comments:

Sample Number: 367 Type: R Area: 3,754.00SqFt PCI = 84
Sample Comments:

48	LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	5.00 Ft	Comments:
52	RAVELING	L	250.00 SqFt	Comments:
57	WEATHERING	L	3,504.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW A Name: TAXIWAY A Use: TAXIWAY Area: 110,650.65SqFt

Section: 310 of 1 From: - To: - Last Const.: 06/01/2007
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 110,650.65SqFt Length: 2,745.00Ft Width: 40.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 30 Surveyed: 3
Conditions: PCI : 83
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 302 Type: R Area: 3,500.00SqFt PCI = 85
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	L	350.00 SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,150.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 307 Type: R Area: 4,115.00SqFt PCI = 77
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	26.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	823.00 SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,292.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 322 Type: R Area: 3,500.00SqFt PCI = 87
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	H	11.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	22.00 Ft	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW B Name: TAXIWAY B Use: TAXIWAY Area: 124,314.00SqFt

Section: 205 of 4 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1993
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 103,940.00SqFt Length: 3,100.00Ft Width: 35.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 29 Surveyed: 3
Conditions: PCI : 80
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 109 Type: R Area: 3,500.00SqFt PCI = 80
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	29.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	400.00 SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,100.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 119 Type: R Area: 3,500.00SqFt PCI = 81
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	L	400.00 SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,100.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	13.00 Ft	Comments:

Sample Number: 130 Type: R Area: 3,500.00SqFt PCI = 79
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	64.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	1.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	400.00 SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,099.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW B Name: TAXIWAY B Use: TAXIWAY Area: 124,314.00SqFt

Section: 210 of 4 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 11,845.00SqFt Length: 3,100.00Ft Width: 35.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: Total Samples: 0 Surveyed: 0
Conditions:

Sample Number: Type: Area: 0.00
<NO VALID INSPECTIONS>

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW B Name: TAXIWAY B Use: TAXIWAY Area: 124,314.00SqFt

Section: 215 of 4 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1993
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 3,442.00SqFt Length: 200.00Ft Width: 40.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 1 Surveyed: 1
Conditions: PCI : 78
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 101 Type: R Area: 3,442.00SqFt PCI = 78
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	9.00 Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	688.00 SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	2,754.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW B Name: TAXIWAY B Use: TAXIWAY Area: 124,314.00SqFt

Section: 217 of 4 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 5,087.00SqFt Length: 200.00Ft Width: 40.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: Total Samples: 0 Surveyed: 0
Conditions:

Sample Number: Type: Area: 0.00
<NO VALID INSPECTIONS>

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW B1 Name: TAXIWAY B1 Use: TAXIWAY Area: 9,653.00SqFt

Section: 220 of 2 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1993
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 4,124.00SqFt Length: 200.00Ft Width: 40.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 1 Surveyed: 1
Conditions: PCI : 93
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 101 Type: R Area: 4,124.00SqFt PCI = 93
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	M	1.00 SqFt	Comments:
45 DEPRESSION	L	16.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	5.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW B1 Name: TAXIWAY B1 Use: TAXIWAY Area: 9,653.00SqFt

Section: 223 of 2 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 5,529.00SqFt Length: 200.00Ft Width: 40.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: Total Samples: 0 Surveyed: 0
Conditions:

Sample Number: Type: Area: 0.00
<NO VALID INSPECTIONS>

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW C Name: TAXIWAY C Use: TAXIWAY Area: 194,340.90SqFt

Section: 103 of 3 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2007
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 16,849.17SqFt Length: 250.00Ft Width: 60.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 3 Surveyed: 1
Conditions: PCI : 81
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 101 Type: R Area: 6,000.00SqFt PCI = 81
Sample Comments:

48 LONGITUDINAL/TRANSVERSE CRACKING	L	22.00	Ft	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	600.00	SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	5,400.00	SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW C Name: TAXIWAY C Use: TAXIWAY Area: 194,340.90SqFt

Section: 105 of 3 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 165,138.00SqFt Length: 3,400.00Ft Width: 60.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

NOTE: * Pre-Construction PCI *****
Last Insp. Date: 10/10/2007 Total Samples: 50 Surveyed: 5
Conditions: PCI : 47
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 101 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 78
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	L	1,700.00 SqFt	Comments:
48 L & T CR	L	34.00 Ft	Comments:

Sample Number: 114 Type: R Area: 5,000.00SqFt PCI = 42
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	L	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:
43 BLOCK CR	M	5,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 122 Type: R Area: 6,000.00SqFt PCI = 41
Sample Comments:

48 L & T CR	M	80.00 Ft	Comments:
43 BLOCK CR	M	4,800.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	6,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 130 Type: R Area: 6,000.00SqFt PCI = 42
Sample Comments:

43 BLOCK CR	M	6,000.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	6,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Sample Number: 134 Type: R Area: 6,000.00SqFt PCI = 37
Sample Comments:

52 RAVELING	L	6,000.00 SqFt	Comments:
53 RUTTING	L	84.00 SqFt	Comments:
43 BLOCK CR	M	6,000.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW C Name: TAXIWAY C Use: TAXIWAY Area: 194,340.90SqFt

Section: 115 of 3 From: - To: - Last Const.: 06/01/2007
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 12,353.73SqFt Length: 250.00Ft Width: 40.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 3 Surveyed: 1
Conditions: PCI : 87
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 100 Type: R Area: 4,349.00SqFt PCI = 87
Sample Comments:

45 DEPRESSION	L	8.00 SqFt	Comments:
45 DEPRESSION	L	9.00 SqFt	Comments:
52 RAVELING	L	100.00 SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	4,249.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

Branch: TW D Name: TAXIWAY D Use: TAXIWAY Area: 14,729.00SqFt

Section: 120 of 2 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/1964
Surface: AC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 3,838.00SqFt Length: 350.00Ft Width: 35.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: 09/29/2014 Total Samples: 1 Surveyed: 1
Conditions: PCI : 87
Inspection Comments:

Sample Number: 300 Type: R Area: 3,838.00SqFt PCI = 87
Sample Comments:

45 DEPRESSION	L	20.00 SqFt	Comments:
45 DEPRESSION	L	6.00 SqFt	Comments:
45 DEPRESSION	L	24.00 SqFt	Comments:
57 WEATHERING	L	3,838.00 SqFt	Comments:

Re-inspection Report

FDOT
Report Generated Date: April 21, 2015

Network: LNA Name: PALM BEACH COUNTY PARK AIRPORT

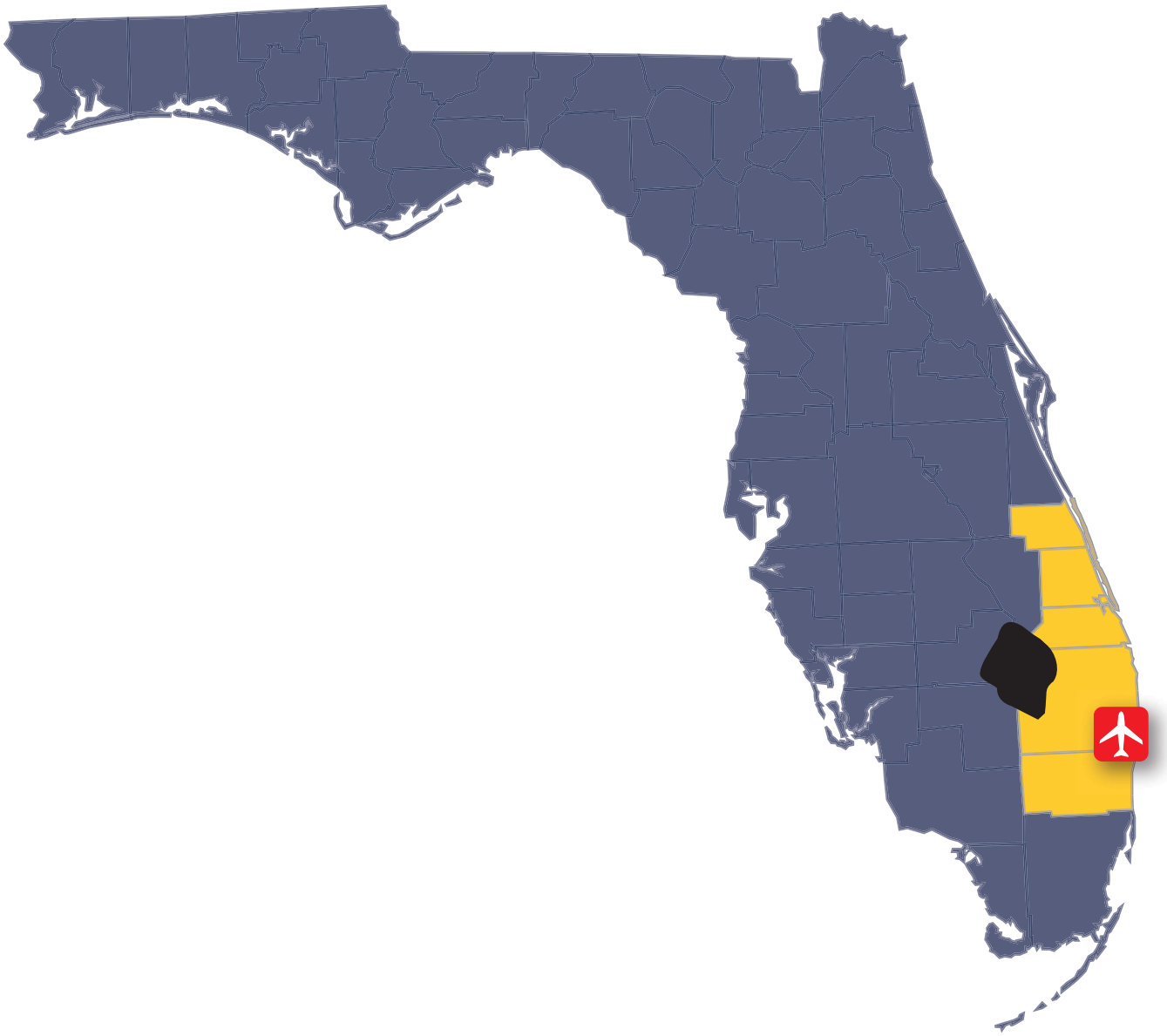
Branch: TW D Name: TAXIWAY D Use: TAXIWAY Area: 14,729.00SqFt

Section: 125 of 2 From: - To: - Last Const.: 01/01/2012
Surface: AAC Family: FDOT-SAPMP-RL-TW-AAC Zone: Category: Rank: P
Area: 10,891.00SqFt Length: 350.00Ft Width: 35.00Ft
Shoulder: Street Type: Grade: 0.00 Lanes: 0

Section Comments:

Last Insp. Date: Total Samples: 0 Surveyed: 0
Conditions:

Sample Number: Type: Area: 0.00
<NO VALID INSPECTIONS>



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

AVIATION AND SPACEPORT OFFICE

FDOT